THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 33. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1898. NO. 1

9 PAGES.

Business Cards.

J. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY,
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
D. S. MCDONALD, Proprietor.
Having assumed control of this popular Restaurant I am prepared to serve the public in the best possible manner. Meals furnished at all hours. Give me a call. 29-8-1y

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR,
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.

Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

REMOVAL—
DR. A. W. BAKER
Has removed to the Odd Fellows' building, Emporium, Pa.—up stairs. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
JOHN A. WYKOFF.
Grove, Pa., April 4th, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
WM. BERRY.
Sterling Run, Pa., April 8th, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
JOHN MCDONALD.
Driftwood, Pa., April 20th, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge of Cameron county, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
S. D. MCCOOLE.
Driftwood, Pa., May 7th, 1898.

***

COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the nomination of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican county Convention.
H. C. OLMSTED.
Emporium, Pa., June 27, 1898.

***

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Treasurer of Cameron County, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.
C. G. CATLIN.
Emporium, Pa., June 28th, 1898.

District Manager.

We desire the services of a capable man as manager for our third Pennsylvania district, consisting of the following counties: McKean, Potter, Tioga, Jefferson, Elk, Cameron, Clearfield, Centre, Lycoming, Clinton and Union.

To the right party we can offer a lucrative position with opportunities for promotion. No canvassing.

Apply by letter with refferences to
THE MIDLAND POTTERY CO.,
16-4. Roseville, Ohio.

Good News to All.

As I am about to remodel my entire store room and build greater to accommodate my patrons, I offer my entire stock of goods, consisting of millinery and ladies furnishing goods, fancy goods, ribbons, laces and dress trimmings, and many other articles at greatly reduced prices to avoid moving the stock. Come and see.
17-2t H. L. RAYMOND.

George J. LaBar and H. S. Lloyd while out fishing on Wednesday killed a rattlesnake that measured four feet and three inches, with nine rattles.

Surprise Party.

Mr. Jacob Dice, of Cameron, who is employed by the P. & E. R.R. as passenger and freight agent, was agreeably surprised on Wednesday evening, June 22—that being his fifty-fourth birthday. After prayer meeting about forty of his friends gathered at the M. E. parsonage and from there went in a body to the home of Mr. Dice. He was about ready to retire for the night when he heard a rap at the door, and upon opening it was overcome with surprise—could not say anything for a moment, then burst out in laughter and invited them in. As the room was scarcely able to hold them standing up, he thought it useless to ask them to be seated, and looking over the crowd, finally said: "Well, what does this mean?" The pastor, Rev. E. E. Mulliner, was present by this time and made an explanation, first giving a short history of Mr. Dice's life, and ending his speech by telling of his usefulness in the M. E. Church, of which he is a member. The members of the church greatly appreciate his labors among them, and to show their appreciation they gave him a handsome rocking chair, which his pastor then presented to him. After receiving the chair as a token of friendship, he thanked them and made a few other remarks, after which they all joined in singing "Praise God from whom all blessings flow." The large parlor was then opened and everybody was seated and a good social time ensued. Ice cream, strawberries and cake were then served. After wishing Mr. and Mrs. Dice a long and happy life they retired to their several homes, feeling that it was more blessed to give than to receive.

In Memoriam.

The death of MRS. KATHERINE BEERS has taken from our midst one whose place will be hard to fill. She was an earnest, faithful christian and was always ready to do the duty nearest her. Nineteen years ago she, with the assistance of two other ladies, organized the first Sabbath School in Emporia. Since the death of her husband, two years ago, she has been more zealous than before in her desire to interest and instruct her large class in Sunday School. It seemed she had a premonition that her time here was short and that she "must work while it was yet day."

The funeral services were held in the Emporia church, June 5th, Rev. Wm. Stones, of Palatka, officiating. He delivered his sermon from the text: "There remaineth therefore a rest for the people of God." He was assisted by Rev. M. F. Blitch, pastor of the Baptist church, of which Mrs. Beers was a member. The large crowd that gathered to take one last, sad look at the peceful dead, the abundance and beauty of the floral decorations, and the trembling tones as the choir sang the beautiful hymn, "Lead, Kindly Light," told eloquently of the love and respect all felt for the quiet sleeper.

Last Sunday a committee was appointed to draft resolutions on the demise of Mrs. Beers and the following were adopted:

WHEREAS, God in his infinite wisdom, which none may question, has called home our beloved friend, Mrs. Katherine Beers, and

WHEREAS, In her death her sons have lost a devoted, loving, christian mother, her neighbors a kind sympathetic friend, and the Church and Sabbath School a faithful christian worker, therefore be it

Resolved, That her children have sustained a loss that is irreparable; her neighbors have lost a friend whose noble life presents an example worthy of imitation.

Resolved, That while we realize that her death has caused in the hearts of those she loved best, a grief too deep and sacred for our words to reach, yet we would mingle our tears with theirs and in our sympathy would say:

"With patient heart, thy course of duty run;
God nothing does, or suffers to be done
But thou wouldst do thyself, if though couldst see
The end of all He does, as well as He.

MRS. MARY A. MINER,
MRS. TINA C. DRUDY,
MRS. ELLA H. BULLOCK.
Committee.

Emporia, Fla., June 20th, 1898.

Low Excursion Rates.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will sell Excursion tickets between all stations on July 2nd, 3rd and 4th, at low excursion rate, good for return up to July 5th, inclusive. Call on agents for particulars.

Ice Cream Social.

Mrs. F. D. Leet's Sabbath School class will serve ice cream and cake to all patrons, on Saturday evening, on the lawn at R. R. McQuay's house on Fourth street. An enjoyable time is promised and everybody invited.

Lawn Social.

The Daughters of the King, of the Emmanuel Church, will serve ice cream and cake this (Thursday) evening, on the beautiful lawn surrounding Josiah Howard's residence. The public are cordially invited.

No Paper Next Week.

We shall celebrate the Fourth with the boys and as a result there will be no paper issued from this office next week. The office will remain open for the transaction of business.

New Purchase.

J. P. Felt, of Emporium, has closed the bargain and purchased the Olean flouring mills, located near the Erie R. R. The mill will be conducted in conjunction with the Emporium mills. This purchase will give the Emporium Milling Company large increased facilities to meet their extensive trade.

Literary Entertainment.

The following is the program of the literary entertainment to be given by the Epworth League, in the parlors of the M. E. church, on Friday evening, July 1st, at 8:00 o'clock:

PROGRAM.

Voluntary.....Miss Lillian O. Heilman.
Prayer.....Rev. J. M. Johnston
Address of Welcome....Miss Margaret E Ulrich
Piano Solo.....Miss Sadie Chapman
Solo, "Children of the Kingdom,"
Miss Sadie Robinson
Recitation, "Who Knows,"...Miss Eva Bradford
Piano Solo.....Miss Grace Hill
Select Reading, "I Would Not Live Alway,"
Miss Nettie Moore
Solo, "Bring Your Loving Gifts to Jesus,"
Miss Grace M. Ulrich
Recitation, "The Silver Plate,"
Miss Edith DeArmit
Coilection, taken by
Misses Edith DeArmit and Margaret Ullrich
Piano Solo.....Miss Nellie B. Hamilton
Recitation, "Sunday Talks in the Horse Sheds,"
Miss Lillian O. Heilman
Solo, "After,".....Mrs. Ella O'Byrne
Quartette, "Gently Speak," Mrs. C. P Fisher,
Miss Nettie Healy, R. P. Heilman, Orlo Jordan

Receiver Appointed.

For some weeks past litigation has been in progress between the Mankey Furniture company, of this place, and their creditors. The PRESS has refrained from mentioning the circumstances surrounding the unfortunate complication, hoping that for the good of our town the troubles might be adjusted and the industry enabled to resume operations. Last Thursday, upon application made to Hon. C. A. Mayer, at Lock Haven, William Howard, of Williamsport, was appointed Receiver and entered upon the discharge of his duties on Monday, after filing a bond in sum of $10,000. Mr. Howard appointed B. W. Green, Esq., attorney for the Receiver, who will have charge of the business. We are informed the factory will resume operations within ten days. It is earnestly hoped by all well-wishers of Emporium that the affairs of this corporation may be placed upon a solid financial footing, and with increased facilities continue to give employment to a large force of men. The company have a very large stock of furniture in their store-rooms.

Emporium vs Port Allegany.

Emporium and Port Allegany teams crossed bats on the home grounds yesterday, which resulted in defeat for the visitors, by the neat score of 6 to 4. It was a hotly contested and highly interesting game from beginning to end and clearly demonstrated that our boys know the game, and by hard practice and strict adherance to the principles of the game we will have a team that will be invincible.

The individual work was fine and it cannot be said that any man on the team played poor ball. Let the team get together and practice three or four nights a week and develop its latent energy, and an appreciative people will applaud your efforts, and to the people we would say encourge the boys by your support.

McFadden's pitching was superb, while Mumford caught in his usual efficient form. In the seventh three pitched balls retired the visitors. Ganey's one hand catch was a grand stand play only witnessed when a star of the first magnitude is in the field.

The official score was as follows:

EMPORIUM.

	r	h	o	a	e
Pearsall, 1b	1	0	7	0	1
McFadden, p	1	1	1	4	0
Mumford, c	1	1	9	0	0
Tell, 3b	0	0	2	1	2
Quinn, 2b	2	0	3	1	0
Ganey, ss	1	1	3	0	0
Royal, r. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Morrisey, l. f.	0	0	1	2	0
Bush, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	6	3	27	8	2

PORT ALLEGANY.

	r	h	o	a	e
Jacklin, r. f.	2	0	1	0	0
Kane, ss	0	0	0	0	0
Dolly, 3b	0	0	5	4	0
Smith, c	0	3	8	2	1
George, 2nd	0	0	2	2	1
Finn, 1b	1	1	9	0	0
Rathbone, c. f.	0	0	0	0	0
Lillibridge, l. f.	1	1	0	0	0
Mason, p	0	0	0	5	1
Total	4	5	*25	11	3

*Pearsall hit by batted ball; 2 out when winning run was scored.

Two base hit, Smith. Stolen bases, Pearsall 2; Quinn 2; Jacklin 1; Smith 1; George 2. Struck out, by Mason, 8; by McFadden, 6; by Bush 2. Bases on balls, off McFadden, 5; off Mason, 6. Hit by pitcher, McFadden, Morrisey, Jacklin. Passed balls, Mumford, Smith. Wild pitch, McFadden, Mason. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, J. W. Clark. C. W. SHAFFER, Scorer.

Driftwood Locals.

(From our regular correspondent.)

DRIFTWOOD, June 30, 1898.

The following programme has been prepared for the celebration on the Fourth of July:

Parade, 9:00 a. m.—Charles Gleason, Marshal.

Line of march through the principal streets and to Grove Knoll, where G. W. Huntley, Jr., Esq., will deliver the oration.

The bicycle races will be started at 1:00 o'clock, p. m. and will consist of the following, the prizes of which have been donated by the business firms of town:

First Race, Half Mile Open.

First prize—Pair of bic' trousers. Second prize—cyclometer.

Second Race, Mile Handicap.

First prize—pair bic' shoes. Second prize—Sweater. Third prize—Cap.

Third Race, Two Mile Lap.

First prize—Gold Medal. Second prize—Silver medal. Third prize—Silver medal.

Fourth Race

Consolation, winners in previous races barred. First prize—Bicycle lamp. Second prize—Bicycle bell. Third prize—Belt.

2:30 p. m.—Dance in Grove.

7:00 p. m.—Bicycle parade. Two handsome prizes are offered for most handsomly decorated ladies and gentlemen's wheels.

7:30 to 8:30 p. m.,—Balloon ascension and fire works, after which the scene of celebration will be transferred to Grove Knoll, where a large platform has been erected for dancing. Bicycle riders from Emporium, Cameron, Sterling Run, Sinnemahoning and surrounding community are invited to join the local riders in the races.

***

Mrs. B. H. Osborne spent several days of last week with friends in DuBois.

Capt. Charles Barclay, of Sinnemahoning, transacted business here Tuesday evening.

Miss Edna Mitchell has returned from an extended visit with friends in Williamsport.

Mrs. Carroll and two daughters of Charlestown, W. Va., are visiting W. R. Chatham and family.

L. W. Gleason and wife, of Medix Run, spent ssveral days this week with the latter's parents here.

F. X. Blumle, of the county seat, was in town on Tuesday shaking hands with his numerous friends.

Miss Jennie Dunbar and Miss Molly Pitcher, of Canton, are visiting at the home of the Messrs. Gleason.

J Augustus Jones's vaudeville show gave two performances here Wednesday, both of which were fairly well attended.

Dan Foust, the genial conductor on A. V. R. R., accommodation, has resumed duty after enjoying a week's vacation.

The fantastic parade on the Fourth will be one of the features of the celebration. Some of the boys are working up surprises in the way of outfits.

Rev. J. A. Anderson, of Williamsport, formerly pastor of this parish, spent several days with friends here, returning to Williamsport Monday,

Mrs. F. E. Richardson and daughters Ruth and Bessie, went to Lock Haven on Wednesday, to attend the commencement exercises at the Normal School of which their daughter and sister, Miss Ada Richardson, is a graduate.

J. A. Mutthersbough and family have taken up residence in their new home on Driftwood avenue, and G. W. Huntley, Esq., who purchased the house vacated by the former, is moving into his purchase. Mr. Huntley and his estimable wife will be welcome additions to our residents.

"Bud" Mutthersbough had a "spill" at the P. & E. depot on Saturday, while hauling goods for W. H. Mitchell. The king-bolt broke, letting the rear portion of the wagon drop, which frightened the horse and it ran away. The horse was caught near the opera house, before any damage had been sustained.

The local candidates for Associate Judge, S. D. McCoole and John McDonald, are hustling around among their friends working up their political strength to the winning point. Both gentlemen are carrying on a clean friendly campaign and as both are popular it will be a hard matter to pick the winner.

As to Public Opinion.

Unhappily there is a prevalent and growing propensity, supposedly associated with the cynicism of the age, to suspect evil of one's fellow man, instead of practicing that broad charity which is still preached in the churches, but too often falls upon ears that are deaf to its meaning. How many a sensitive soul has been grievously wounded by harsh unmerited criticism! The purity of the lily has no security against the blighting breath of scandal, which, beginning with a word prompted by an ill-balanced mind and an unclean heart, has been taken up by a thoughtless rabble and swelled into a wave of opprobrium to wreck a beautiful and blameless life. Too strongly, too earnestly, the plea cannot be made that public sentiment shall be careful to be just; the fact enforced that common rumor has the established character of a common liar.—Ex.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY.
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Spring and Summer Goods.

Ladies are invited to look at our new arrivals in Dress Goods, Likesilks, Silkolines Silk Gingham and Organdies, Black Brocade—absolutely fast black, Lace Curtains Window Laces, White Bedspreads, Fine Linen Damask Tablings, and Napkins to match, Ladies and Misses Muslin Underwear, in Night Dresses, Corset Covers, Skirts, also Ladies Wrappers and Babies Robes.

In the celebrated Black Cat Brand of the Leather Stockings, we keep a full assortment of sizes. These are unapproached for durability. Try them and you will always want them.

Ladies and Misses Ribbed Jersey Vests, from 10c up.

Note the address,

D. E. OLMSTED,
Near Odd Fellows Hall, East Fourth St.

TRUSTWORTHY STORE.

We are receiving daily new goods.

All the Latest styles in
NOVELTY DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
VELVETS,
TRIMMINGS,
LININGS,
ETC.

In Corsets we have the
R. & G.
DR. WARNER'S
FEATHERBONE
AND
W. B. CYCLIST.

MEN'S SANITARY FLEECE UDERWEAR, $1.00 per Suit.

A Full and Complete Line of
Ladies', Misses, Childrens' and Gents' Fine Shoes.

BALCOM & LLOYD.
Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued ntil arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

There are old, familiar and well loved names on the new army list. Fred D. Grant, son of the great commander, is a brigadier general. So is Michael V. Sheridan, brother of the dauntless "Little Phil." And Rev. Thomas Sherman, son of the hero of the march to the sea, is an army chaplain.

Field telephones and kites are apparently destined to revolutionize the art of war, judging from recent successful experiments. Instead of dashing couriers, the generals and their aids will learn the details of a battle's progress through telephone receivers attached to movable wires and portable kites.

The length of Mr. Gladstone's political service can be measured by the fact that he entered parliament at a time when Andrew Jackson was president of the United States, and retired from it when Mr. Cleveland began his second term. He held his first cabinet office when Daniel Webster was also first serving in a like capacity here.

Isaac McLellan, the sportsman poet, celebrated his ninety-second birthday recently in Boston. He claims the distinction of being America's oldest living poet. Mr. McLellan was a schoolfellow of Longfellow and Whittier. He is the oldest surviving member of the Independent cadets of Boston, which company he joined in 1830.

Lieut. Hobson, the hero of Santiago, is being abused in certain papers because he smokes cigarettes. Let him smoke a rope if he wants to. A man who has gone even unto the gates of death for his country ought to enjoy the blessed privilege of smoking, drinking and wearing exactly what he pleases without being abused by a lot of cranks.

The other day a Denver girl kissed a soldier good-by at the depot, with the remark: "God bless you; stand up for Colorado." Between his sobs he replied: "I am from Nebraska, but I'll try to stand up for both states now." Thereupon she kissed him again for Nebraska. That young man might have reminded her, with entire propriety, that there are 43 other states which he could "stand up for."

"You may begin firing whenever you please." Those were the words addressed by Admiral Dewey to the lamented Capt. Gridley as the latter started to lead the fleet into the fight at Manila. The dead hero pleased to begin as soon as he got within range and he did not stop shooting until a glorious victory had been won. But his health began to decline from that day and now he is deaf to the plaudits of a great nation.

A man named Tailor, who is postmaster of Scarva, County Down, Ireland, has held his office for 70 years. He is now 116 years of age. From the age of 14 to the age of 114—an even century—he was a habitual user of tobacco; but two years ago he discovered that it was impairing his health, and he abandoned it without tapering off. Such men are object lessons for the youth of the world. To err is human, but to persist in error is infamous.

American soldiers have fought Indians in the lava beds, and wild animals in the forest, but the skirmishing at Guantanamo is their first experience in chasing human hyenas and gorillas through the brush. This kind of warfare has its disadvantages. It is hard to locate a foe that disguises itself as a plantain patch, and the weather is so frightfully warm that Uncle Sam's boys are apt to hesitate a long while before firing at a palm leaf fan.

The greatest electric searchlight in the world, now being erected at Fort Monroe to guard the entrance to the Chesapeake, has a beam of light nine feet in diameter. It will illuminate an object 100 miles off and can be seen on the clouds at even a greater distance. The light is gathered into a nine-foot beam, which has an estimated intensity of 90,000,000 candles. The light revolves six times a minute. It was manufactured in France, but American generating apparatus has been substituted for that built abroad.

While Americans have for the time being lost practically all interest in the Klondike, our Canadian friends are more active than ever in setting afoot plans for the development of that region. The Dominion parliament will be asked to sanction a new enterprise of building a railroad to Hudson bay and thence to Dawson. It is an old plan enlarged to fit present needs, but it does not necessarily follow that the road will be built immediately. The Canadian system of granting heavy subsidies to new railroads invites schemes of this character.

THE BILL FOR WAR REVENUES.

Plenty of Money Will Be Raised Without Placing a Burden on the People.

The conference committee on the war revenue bill has come to an agreement on the bond provision. The house limitation on the amount of bonds which might be sold was 500,000,000. The senate reduced it to $300,000,000. The conference committee has agreed on $400,000,000. The senate amendment requires the secretary of the treasury to sell at least $50,000,000 of one-year three per cent. certificates, whose issue is authorized, before disposing of any bonds. Secretary Gage objected strenuously to this provision, and the conferees will recommend that the senate recede from it.

There is one point regarding which the dispatches are silent. The house bill authorized the secretary of the treasury to borrow money by selling bonds, but does not specify the purpose. The senate amendment authorizes the sale of bonds to get money "to defray the expenditures authorized on account of the existing war (such proceeds when received to be used only for the purpose of meeting such war expenditures)." It has not been stated yet whether this limitation will be accepted by the conferees.

If no limitation is imposed a part of the proceeds of the money obtained by the sale, at par or above, of those three per cent. bonds, which are payable at the pleasure of the government in ten years and become due in 20 years, can be used to defray the cost of the war. The remainder can be used to make large additions to the navy, to complete the coast fortifications, to provide the high power guns, to man them, and to lay up ample supplies of powder, shot and shell. Then the country would be ready on short notice for the next war and would not have to make the frantic haste it did to get ready for the one with Spain.

The committee has compromised on the coinage of the silver bullion. The senate amendment directed the secretary to coin it at the rate of $4,000,000 a month. The conferees will recommend that that be reduced to a million and a half a month. At that rate it will take five years to coin all the silver. While objecting on principle to this modified proposition, the house may accept it in order not to delay the passage of the revenue bill and the sale of bonds. The treasury is getting short of cash.

The conferees have adopted most of the taxation amendments of the senate. Those amendments add materially to the revenue producing qualities of the bill, and thus make it much more effective than it was when it passed the house. In its amended form it will, when fairly in operation, pay a large part of the current military expenses of the government, and after the war is over will furnish a fund which will extinguish speedily whatever bonded indebtedness may have been contracted. While the taxes levied by this bill will produce a great deal of money, they will not be felt.

If the Bryanites had had the framing of the bill it would have been a different affair. They would have imposed onerous and excessive taxes on interests which they wish to destroy, and they would not have allowed bonds to be sold. They would have authorized the issue of more legal tender notes to defray government's expenses, without, however, making provision for the redemption of these notes in gold. They would have inflated the currency and would have rejoiced that that inflation depreciated its value. Happily for the country, the Bryanites were not able to dictate the terms of the new revenue bill.—Chicago Tribune.

DRIFT OF OPINION.

☞A gain of several republican congressmen in Missouri this year is among the political probabilities.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞That Oregon election is a regular Dewey notification to the cheap money senators at Washington to stop their nonsense.—Troy Times.

☞The state of Oregon also rounded the cape, completing a safe cruise into the safe seas of republicanism.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

☞The populists of the state of Washington are very unhappy since they received the election news from Oregon. Populism on the Pacific coast is on its last legs, and the three silver parties are stunned by the republican landslide.—St. Louis Globe-Dmocrat.

☞The name Oregon is in good repute at present. The battleship thus named came around the horn in fine style. Now it is said that the republicans in Oregon have elected their state ticket and carried the legislature. Oregon realizes what the national administration is doing for the Pacific ocean and votes aye.—Troy Times.

☞Sixteen to One Bad Money Bryan undertook to present a live eagle to company B of the First Nebraska regiment, but it fell into the hands of company B of the Second, composed of republicans and goldbugs, who refused to give it up, and after they had got out of the state christened it McKinley and made it a regimental mascot. With its new baptism there is no doubt that it will roost steadily on the standard of victory.—Chicago Tribune.

☞The republicans won a great victory in Oregon, and the late returns show that the party made large gains in every county of the state, as compared with the vote in '96. Geer has been elected governor by at least 10,000 plurality, and the legislature will be overwhelmingly republican. The senate will have 23 republicans out of the possible 30, and the house will have 44 republicans out of the possible 60. The result of the election in Oregon is but the beginning of a great, good and safe government tidal wave which will sweep across the whole country.—Iowa State Register.

HONOR UPHELD.

True Meaning of the Splendid Victory of Republicans in Oregon.

The election in Oregon was a splendid tribute to the patriotism of the American people and an exhibition of their zeal and devotion to their country.

It was a manifestation of that broad patriotism which distinguishes the American character and has made it invincible in war and in all acts for national advancement.

The result of that election was in marked contrast with the action of a faction of the democratic party in congress which has been endeavoring to embarrass the administration and discredit the nation in the eyes of the world.

The result is not a matter for partisan exultation; it is not a matter for party boasting. It is manifestation of deep and fervent patriotism in which all true lovers of their country should rejoice—because it was a victory for truth, the right and honorable dealing.

The republican party stands to-day with inflexible purpose. It is for the maintenance of national honor. It may not always be successful in carrying out the policies which it enunciates, but its purpose is honest and it seeks to do the right thing.

The election in Oregon furnishes a lesson of the highest significance. Concretely expressed, it may be said that this sums up the situation: The republican party stood up for a fixed, unalterable policy. It represented all that is for honesty in public dealings. Against it was—what? A combination of everything in politics which should excite suspicion and fear. It was a fusion of all that is represented in the word "Bryanism." There stood the believers in the unlimited coinage of silver; those who believed in paying public obligations in a depreciated currency; those who advocate any financial policy by which something will be obtained for nothing; those who talk of repudiation, dishonor, and, if necessary, revolution, to bring about what they desire.

It was a fusion of everything reprehensible in politics against the republican party—and the republican party won!

American honor—not alone the honor of the republican party, but AMERICAN HONOR was asserted.

This is the lesson of the election, and it is one that is not to be forgotten. No vainglorious words are needed here. The American people have spoken through the people of Oregon as they have always spoken in great crises.

Two years ago Mr. McKinley carried the state by less than 2,200 plurality—the figure being 2,117. This year Mr. Geer's plurality will be in the neighborhood of 10,000.

The meaning of this is plain. The people are tired of the shams and impostures that have been practiced on them. They know where the republican party stands. They know how its candidates will vote when they are put in office. But what man knows or will undertake to say where democratic representatives will be—whether they are for free silver or for gold—whether they will preach bimetallism and fiat money, or whether they will straddle, dodge or plainly run away from any question which comes up?

The country knows where the republican party stands, but no man knows the position or the policy of the democratic party.—Albany Journal.

GUARDS THE MONEY.

The President's Economy in Providing Troops for the War with Spain.

President McKinley's determination to use the men asked for on the second call in filling up the regiments already at the front, was inspired by a spirit of economy, which cannot fail to call forth the commendation of every one. Instead of forming 75 new regiments with the 75,000 men asked for on the second call, the equivalent to 52 regiments will be absorbed in filling up the regiments now in the field to the maximum, and the large sum which would have been paid to the field and staff officers of those 52 regiments will be saved. The sum saved for each regiment will be:

Colonel	3,500
Lieutenant colonel	3,000
Three majors	7,500
Seventeen officers, with the pay of captain, which is $1,800	30,600
Fifteen lieutenants, including the battalion adjutants, at $1,500	22,500
Twelve second lieutenants, at $1,400	16,800
One surgeon	2,500
Three assistant surgeons, at $1,800	5,400
Total	$91,800

From these figures we find that the action of President McKinley will annually save the people of the United States $4,773,600. The president had the opportunity of providing a large number of offices to be filled by appointment, but the question of economy was uppermost in his mind, and he cut down the annual expenses nearly $5,000,000 by this one act. And yet some people and editors are howling about "politics in the war with Spain."

President McKinley's action in filling up the regiments, not only saves several million dollars for each year the men will be in service, but it adds to the efficiency of the troops. Twelve hundred men can be as easily handled in a regiment as 800, and the larger regiment can make a much better showing for itself in battle. President McKinley is handling this war with Spain with wonderful foresight and wisdom, and when it is all over those who have been the most bitter in opposing his methods will be the most enthusiastic in his praise. It was so with Lincoln, and it will be so with McKinley.—Iowa State Register.

☞Having failed of election as president of the United States and as captain of a company of volunteers, William Jennings Bryan took fate by the forelock and got the governor of Nebraska to appoint him a colonel of a regiment. — Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

DECLARED INDEPENDENCE.

Philippine Insurgents Proclaim Their Freedom from Spain's Yoke.

Chicago, June 21.—A special cable to the Record from John T. McCutcheon, a staff correspondent with Dewey's fleet, reads as follows: Gen. Filipi officially proclaimed a provisional government in Old Cavite on June 12. There were great ceremonies and a declaration of independence was read renouncing Spanish authority. Gen. Aguinaldo was elected president and Daniel Pirondo vice president. The insurgent government will not oppose an American protectorate

Hong Kong, June 21.—The United States transport Zafiro, which has just arrived here, brought news from Manila under date of June 17, from which it appears that the insurgents now hold 4,000 Spaniards and 1,000 natives prisoners, together with their arms. The insurgents also captured on June 14 the town of Oalanga.

Gen. Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has informed United States Consul Williams of the formation of a provisional government, merely for cohesive purposes, and has notified him of the desire of the insurgents that the Philippine islands become an American colony.

The Spaniards have sunk the cruiser Cebu, so as to obstruct the passage of the Pasig river.

Gen. Nonet, coming southward with 3,000 mixed troops from Balacan, 30 miles north of Manila, found the railway line blocked and was surprised by the insurgents. Fierce fighting ensued and was carried on for three days, during which Gen. Nonet was killed. The native troops joined the insurgents and the Spaniards who were left, about 500, surrendered.

At Zapote a regiment revolted at a critical moment. The authorities still use mixed forces, with the result that insurgent riflemen are frequently found to have passed the sentries and to be creeping along under cover and firing upon the Spaniards from behind.

FOOD PRICES RISE.

People Who Live in Havana Must Possess Fat Pocketbooks or Go Hungry.

Key West, June 21.—A vessel arrived here yesterday from the blockade and brought an officer of the Cuban army and a pilot, who are carrying important dispatches to Senor Estrada Palma, of the Cuban junta, from Gen. Rodriguez, the insurgent commander of Havana province.

The Cubans were taken on board on Saturday from an auxiliary gunboat which had picked them up. The messengers of Gen. Rodriguez give an interesting account of their experiences. After leaving the insurgent camp they made their way into the city of Havana, spent several days there, proceeded to one of the small inlets in the neighborhood, stole a small boat and rowed out to sea in the hope of coming across an American vessel. They were three days in the boat before they were picked up.

The Cubans report that there are no supplies of rice, maize, potatoes or eggs in Havana. Flour they say costs 50 cents per pound and the army has been placed on half rations.

The messengers class as false the reports that vessels have succeeded in entering Havana with supplies. They assert that since the blockade began only three small fishing vessels have entered the harbor and that no food whatever is received from Cienfuegos.

The Cubans also report that lard is selling at 50 cents, rice at 20, beans at 25 and meat at 75 cents per pound and all are scarce, and they say that all horses of private families, stores and livery stables, have been confiscated by order of Gen. Arolas, the military governor of Havana, for the use of the troops. There is hardly any traffic in the streets of Havana and groups of more than two persons are not allowed to loiter on street corners. The street railway company, whose cars are drawn by horses, are obliged to run a car every hour instead of every five minutes as heretofore, as the horses of the company have been taken by the government.

WAR CRAFT NAMED.

A Wholesale Christening Takes Place at the Navy Department.

Washington, June 21.—There was a wholesale christening at the navy department Monday when Secretary Long supplied names for 35 war craft. All of these were provided for in the last naval appropriation bill, and while contracts for their construction have not yet been let, the advertisements have been issued except in the case of the monitors and all the boats will be under way before cold weather. First in the list of the big battleships is the Maine, for congress has provided that that name shall be continued in the naval list. The other two big battleships will be called the Missouri and the Ohio. The first of the torpedo boats bears the name of the brave young Ensign Bagley, who was killed on the deck of the Winslow under the guns of Cardenas, the first American naval officer to lose his life in the war.

Four states have the privilege of giving their names to monitors—Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida and Wyoming. The names given to the 16 torpedo boat destroyers are those of America's famous naval heroes—Bainbridge, Barry, Chauncey, Dale, Decatur, Hopkins, Hull, Lawrence, MacDonough, Paul Jones, Perry, Preble, Stewart, Truxton, Whipple and Worden. The names applied to the torpedo boats are those of lesser fame, but still of glorious memory. Besides Bagley they are: Barney, Biddle, Blakely, De Long, Nicholson, O'Brien, Shubrick, Stockton, Thornton, Tingey, Wilkes. There is now only one vessel, either building or authorized, left without a name, a gunboat officially known as No. 16.

More Clouds Gather for Leiter.

Chicago, June 21.—More threatening clouds are gathering for Leiter. Since the announcement of Leiter's withdrawal from the deal, the price of wheat has declined ten cents. That means an additional loss of $1,000,000 within a week which the elder Leiter apparently will have to pay. Another source of evil to the Leiter prospects is the persistent rumor from across the water that foreigners are refusing the wheat Leiter sold. Various reasons are assigned for the rejection, but in each case there appears the possibility that Leiter will find his wheat coming back to him

AT DAIQUIRI.

Gen. Shafter's Soldiers Have Made a Landing.

Protected by the Guns of Sampson's Squadron, the Advance Guard of the Boys in Blue Sets Foot on Cuban Soil—Spaniards Made Very Little Resistance.

Washington, June 23.—Official dispatches received last night by both Secretary Alger and Secretary Long indicated that the landing of troops near Santiago was progressing most favorably. The first landing was effected at Daiquiri yesterday morning and met with comparatively slight resistance. This was stated in a dispatch received last evening by Secretary Alger. It follows:

"Off Daiquiri, Cuba., June 22.—Landing at Daiquiri this morning successful. Very little if any resistance. SHAFTER."

Secretary Alger expressed himself as delighted at the expedition with which the landing of the troops was being effected and with the fact that no serious obstacle was being offered by the enemy. He construed the text of Gen. Shafter's message to mean that the enemy had made merely a nominal and ineffective resistance by firing from the hills at long range.

Shortly after Secretary Alger received his dispatch, Secretary Long received a more extended cablegram from Admiral Sampson. It, too, was dated at Playa del Este, at 6:50 last evening. The dispatch follows:

"Landing of the army is progressing favorably at Daiquiri. There is very little if any resistance. The New Orleans, Detroit, Castine, Wasp and Suwanee shelled vicinity before the landing. We made a demonstration at Cabanas to engage the attention of the enemy. The Texas engaged the west battery for some hours. She had one man killed. Ten submarine mines have been recovered from the channel of Guantanamo. Communication by telegraph has been established at Guantanamo.

"SAMPSON."

In both army and navy circles the information contained in the dispatches of Shafter and Sampson was received with intense satisfaction. The landing of so large a body of troops as Gen. Shafter at present has under his command is a task of immense proportions. A prominent official of the war department said that the complete debarkation of the troops, animals, field guns and supplies within a week after their arrival off the Cuban coast would be a task well accomplished. It is probable that only a partial landing of the troops was effected yesterday and that the landing will be continued from day to day until completed. It is not unlikely, too, that the troops will be landed at several places along the coast, within a short distance of the headquarters which Gen. Shafter will establish for himself.

Admiral Sampson's dispatch indicated that he was carrying out his instructions thoroughly to clear a way for the landing of troops. The demonstration which he made with the Texas before Cabanas, which is just east of Guantanamo, may easily have lead the Spaniards to suppose a general landing was to be attempted in that immediate vicinity. It was evident from Sampson's dispatch that a considerable landing had already been effected near Guantanamo, as he noted that communications by telegraph had been re-established at that point and that the channel had been cleared of submarine mines. In the opinion of naval officers the landing at Guantanamo was of marines rather than of land forces.

The cable station through which the American commanders will communicate with the departments in this city has been established at Playa del Este, a small place directly on the coast and about 15 miles east of Santiago. The change was made from Camp McCalla to Playa del Este in order that the station might be nearer the scene of action.

WAR REVENUE STAMPS.

Bureau of Printing and Engraving is Working Night and Day and Can't Turn them Out Fast Enough.

Washington, June 23.—Every possible effort is being made by the secretary of the treasury to put into operation on July 1 the adhesive stamp tax sections of the war revenue act. It is not thought possible, however, to have stamps on sale in all parts of the country on that date, and in consequence it is expected that for several days at least business embarrassments will be many and in some instances serious. The law declares that it shall be deemed a misdemeanor not to affix a stamp to any bank check, note, draft, etc., punishable by a fine not exceeding $200. The law further declares that such unstamped instrument, document or paper, shall not be competent evidence in any court, in fact void.

It is believed that many embarrassments and even losses cannot be avoided, hence the secretary's request for a postponement for 15 days. Nevertheless, the force at the bureau of engraving and printing is working every hour of the 24 to get out the stamps, and efforts will be made to reduce to a minimum embarrassments arising out of the new law. About 750,000 stamps were shipped to the Pacific coast yesterday and other shipments will follow in rapid succession. The stamps will be sent to collectors of internal revenue and by them distributed to the deputies. National banks in each town will handle the stamps for the benefit of the public until other arrangements can be made for their distribution.

Reinforcements for Shafter.

Washington, June 23.—The reinforcement of Gen. Shafter actually began yesterday by the departure of a regiment and a battalion of the troops at Camp Alger for Santiago. They go to Newport News and then by steamer direct to Santiago. These troops are likely to occupy actually less time in the passage than did the first contingent which left Tampa, notwithstanding the distance is twice as long. Orders were issued placing Gen. Guy V. Henry in charge of a new division of troops composed of Duffield's and Garretson's brigades, which are to form part of the new division.

Purified Blood

Was Weak and Nervous But Hood's Made Him Healthy and Strong.

"I was feeling very dull and could not sleep at night. After I had taken two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I felt more like myself and was soon healthy and strong. Hood's Sarsaparilla purified my blood and did me much good." ROY M. DALE, Hammond, Minn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

GLAD SHE DIDN'T YELL.

When She Found Out That Her Industrious Neighbor Was Not Committing Suicide.

A certain East end man delights in doing odd jobs about his home. He cuts his grass and trims the walks, and handles a paint brush like an old master. Carpenter tools come handy to him, too, and the sound of his merry saw makes pleasant music for the neighbors, who have no objection to being awakened early. In short, he is a clever all-round workman, and decidedly handy to have about the house.

One day not long ago the woman of the house next door happened to come out on her back porch. There she casually looked over the low fence into the handy man's yard. What she saw scared her so that she couldn't move hand or foot. The handy man was lying prone on his back, his body concealed beneath his porch, but with his face in strong relief. He was very pale, his hair was disordered, and his eyes were rolled up and fixed in a ghastly intentness. Against his breast he seemed to be pressing some deadly weapon that glistened as a ray of light touched it.

The woman on the porch tried to scream, and couldn't. She knew the handy man was committing suicide.

He panted, his face grew red, and his form seemed convulsed.

The woman on the porch caught her agonized breath and was about to let out a 40 horse power yell when she heard the supposed suicide anxiously ask:

"Isn't it through yet?"

"Yes," said a voice from above, "it been yoost through."

About this time the woman on the porch understood that the handy man was boring an auger hole through the floor of his porch, that the deadly weapon was an auger, and that the hired girl was on hand to watch the operation.

Then the woman on the porch was glad she didn't yell.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SQUIRE JONES' ECONOMY.

He Raised His Own Tobacco and First Chewed and Then Smoked It.

"The most economical person I ever knew," remarked a West side barber as he turned from a patient customer whom he had been torturing with his wise remarks for half an hour to strop his razor, "was an old lady who always declared that she hated to see anything wasted, even the affections."

"Did you know old Nancy Jones?" cried the hitherto speechless customer, rising to a full sitting posture. "Must remember her husband, old Squire Jones?"

"Can't say that I do," replied the barber, who, like all his craft, was a wise man and feared a trap of some sort.

"He went the old woman one or two better," continued the customer; "not in words, for he hadn't the gift of gab like some in this city, but in actions, being closer than a twin brother."

"What did he do that indicated greater economy than the sentiment expressed by his wife?" asked the barber, who had recovered his self-possession.

"He was a fearful chewer and used to raise his own tobacco. After he'd got what strength he could out of his quids he would lay them on a shelf and smoke them in a cob pipe of his own manufacture when they got dry."

"He got it all," said the barber.

"He did, but not when he finished smoking. Why, that old fellow used to snuff the ashes. You needn't use any bay rum if it costs five cents extra."—Chicago Chronicle.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

What a terrible time people do have trying to have a good time!—Atchison Globe.

SYRUP OF FIGS

NEVER IMITATED IN QUALITY.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED For the LIFE and TIMES of CLADSTONE,

by the celebrated historian, John Clark Ridpath, LL. D. A sumptuous volume of nearly 650 pages, uniform in size with **Ridpath's History of the World.** Magnificently illustrated and bound, it will be eagerly taken by all classes. A bonanza for agents. Secure canvassing outfit and territory now. ☞ **Liberal terms and credit given to agents.** Full line of illustrated descriptive material FREE. Address JONES BROTHERS PUBLISHING CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

FROM where the stately pines of Maine
Their crests lift to the sky
To where the blossoms gem the plains
That toward the sunset lie—
Our banner in its glory waves
Without a missing star,
O'er happy homes, o'er patriot graves,
Unmarred to-day by war.

The bells of Liberty ring out
From sounding shore to shore,
And loud and lofty is the shout:
"Our land for evermore!"
Through every sea our navies glide,
Their sails kissed by the sun,
And Honor lays her wreath beside
The sword of Washington.

The winds that sweep the icy gorge
Of boundless freedom sing,
And patriots to Valley Forge
Their votive off'rings bring:
Aye, thro' the mists that dim the years
We see the early day;
And not a loyal freeman fears
A foe from far away.

The mountains' bare and rugged peaks
Our Nation's worth proclaim,
And every lucent river speaks
The story of our fame;
O'er all the land our fathers gave
And blessed with pray'r divine,
In peace rejoice the free and brave
From orange tree to pine.

Unfettered soar the thoughts of all
Where'er our standard flies,
Aye, Right must rise and Wrong must fall
'Neath Freedom's azure skies;
With laureled progress in the van
We march with pride to-day;
Before us newer hope for man,
Behind us old Cathay.

Then, let the anthems that we raise
From swelling sea to sea
Fill every heart with peace and praise,
Beneath our banner free;
For man is man where'er it flies
In splendor, near or far;
No evil in its shadow lies,
No stain on stripe or star.
—T. C. Harbaugh, in Ohio Farmer.

How JIMMY LOST TOD.

LOUIE says she'll correct the spelling and other wrong things in this; so it won't be my fault if it isn't all right. I s'pose Jerry'd think she could do it better, but I'd rather have Louie, anyhow; and Jerry'd always have to be spoken of as Geraldine, which is too long to write often.

All the boys call her Jerry behind her back, though she doesn't know it—and it's lucky for them. You see, Jerry gets mad pretty easy. P'raps it's 'cause she teaches school.

Mother says boys are trying. She thinks I'm a very trying boy, and I s'pose she ought to know. I wonder if old people ever think they are trying themselves? They are, anyhow. I don't mean mother.

Well, to proceed—that's a good way of putting it, I know, 'cause Mr. Simpkins said it in his lecture, and Louie said: "Now, Jimmy, don't ramble, but stick to your story." So here goes for sticking—I mean proceeding. It's hard work, 'cause I never wrote a real story before.

The reason why my story happened on the fifth was 'cause Fourth of July came on Sunday that year, so that firecrackers and other celebrations had to wait over.

And it was hard for the boys that waited, judging from experience—Mr. Simpkins said that, too. It sounds well, I think, besides being a fact.

Well, mother said I could get up at five a. m. on Monday, and not a minute before, and then I did think mother was very trying, indeed.

I knew I'd wake up sooner, and, sure 'nough, I did, and heard the clock strike four. It was a long time till half-past four, and four minutes from that the sun would rise, I knew, for I'd looked in the almanac.

I just raised up in bed to peek at my firecrackers and punk, lying handy, and that half hour was longer than the other.

I can tell you it didn't take me long to slide into my clothes when the time came, and I did wash my face, though my toothbrush happened to slip back of the washstand, and I didn't feel like taking the time to get it out.

Tod heard me moving 'round, and came in from her room; so I had to help her a good deal, and that wasted a lot of time. But she's a smart child, and combed her own hair pretty well, considering.

P'r'aps you don't know that Tod's (short for Toddlekins) our youngest. Somebody thought I meant a dog one day when I spoke of her; but I think Tod's a fine name, being short and sort of brisk.

Well, we tiptoed downstairs, so's not to wake anybody.

Tod slipped down one step, dropped her torpedoes and began to cry. But I spoke up as much like Jerry as I could:

"Tod, not a word, or you go back to bed."

That scared her so she jumped and dropped another package; so I had to pick her up and carry her out of the front door quick, torpedoes and all.

It was a fine day, a glorious Fourth—or maybe I should call it a Fifth, only that doesn't sound right.

No one was around 'cept the men at the station, who were getting the early train ready.

Billy Crocker had promised to meet me, and I was going to provide him with firecrackers, 'cause he spent his money for lemon balls and felt delicate 'bout asking for any more to celebrate with.

But no Billy showed up. So I let Tod fire off a good many crackers, and she only burned her dress in one place. It was a new one, and I'd forgotten the apron mother said she must surely wear, but I took some consolation in knowing that if Tod had had on her apron it would have been burned, and now it wasn't.

"SEE ANYTHING OF A LITTLE LOST GIRL?"

Anyhow, I don't see how boys can be expected to remember aprons, not wearing such things themselves.

Just as mother said, Tod began to be sleepy in no time. But I'd promised to take care of her, and knew she would go in the house and go to sleep again. It was really pretty early for a five-year-old to get up. She wanted to 'cause I did so, so mother said she could try it.

I like to please Tod. She's my favorite sister, too. She's nearer my age, and the others are so grown-up—p'rticularly Jerry. Then, besides, I'm Tod's favorite brother; at least, I should be if she had another, which she hasn't.

To proceed: I told Tod to run in and take a nap, and to do it softly, so's not to wake 'em up; for it couldn't be six yet, as the early train hadn't started.

Billy Crocker came along then, running like mad.

"Hello!" says he. "Guess I'm late."

"Guess you are, lazy-bones," says I, handing him some crackers and punk. "But now you're here, so blaze away."

"Jimmy," cried Tod, touching my arm; and the cracker I'd lighted went off rather quick. However, it didn't hurt much. I put my finger in my mouth to cool it. "Jimmy, I can't open the front door; it's locked."

"That's so!" I says. "How stupid of me! I forgot to fix the night latch."

"Oh, Jimmy, I'm awful sleepy," says Tod.

It wouldn't have hurt her a bit to take a nap on the nice warm grass, but mother had warned me 'specially 'gainst that. If Louie had been home, I could have called her quietly. She was away on a visit, though, and I hated to disturb mother and father.

"Let her take a nap in that empty car," says Billy.

It had stood on the side track several days, and I thought it a capital idea. So I went across the road with Tod and she laid down on one of the cushion seats.

It was pretty warm, but I didn't want to run any risks, so Billy rolled up his coat for a pillow and I put mine over her, and she was fast asleep in a minute.

We had a fine time after that, Billy being a boy with ideas. What we didn't do with firecrackers isn't worth mentioning. But after the bad luck we had setting off some in front of the chicken coop—we nearly killed two of our best chickens—I drew the line at firing any near the setting hen.

Billy thought it would be fun to see what she'd do, but somehow I felt it would be better not to. Besides, that hen was Jerry's.

I never thought once of Tod till most breakfast time, when mother put her head out of the window and called:

"Come, Jimmy; it's time to get ready for breakfast. Bring Tod in."

"All right!" I shouted; and Billy and I ran over to the track.

And no car was there!

Billy and I just looked at each other, and I felt kind of dizzy. He stuck both hands in his pockets and said "Whew!" with a very red face.

"The car's gone!" said I, though p'r'aps it wasn't a necessary remark.

The next minute we were rushing into the station and asking if the car had gone with the six o'clock train.

The agent said it had, and asked me if I felt sick. Well, I did, sort of; but I hadn't time to tell him so, and I ran, full tilt, out of the station door and got into the 7:50 that was just ready to start.

"What are you going to do?" says Billy.

"Go right after her," says I. "Come along."

"Got any change?" says he.

He always thinks of that, p'r'aps 'cause he's usually hard up.

"Yes, I have. Hurry up and get in."

So in he tumbled, and none too fast, for the engine puffed off right after. Hardly anyone was in the train, and the conductor seemed to be taking a holiday, too, for he didn't come 'round till we got 'most to New York.

We didn't talk much, 'cause after Billy'd asked me what I was going to do, there didn't seem to be much to talk about.

We didn't stop anywhere, for it was an express train, but we heard lots of Fourth of July noise and saw lots of boys and girls having a good time. My, how I wished I could change my place with them.

And then I thought: Poor little Tod, where was she? How frightened she must be!

"I s'pose the men at the station don't know anything 'bout Tod?" broke in Billy, after we'd been quiet a long time.

"Of course the men in that train'd know," says I.

"That train's gone back by this time, you silly!"

I'd never thought of that. Just then 'long came the conductor.

"Tickets!" said he.

And of course we hadn't any, but I paid him, and he gave me a slip of cardboard with printing on it. He looked good-natured. I'd often seen him before, so I just told him the whole story.

He sat down in front of us, as kind and sympathetic as could be.

"It's too late now," said he; "the train's started back. We passed it at Martinville. But I'll make inquiries. Don't you cry, little boy."

And I wasn't. One or two tears aren't crying, I hope.

"Then your parents will be in a fine worry, too," says he. "I'll send them a telegram when the train gets in."

The minute we got into the station the conductor took us to a room, where he said lost articles were sent.

"My sister isn't an article," says I, thinking of "a," "an," and "the," that I was studying about in grammar.

"I guess you'd think she was a very precious article if you could find her." And he sort of laughed. I don't see how he could.

"See anything of a little lost girl on the six o'clock local from Harristown?" the conductor asked, when we got to the lost article room.

"No," said a man, writing at a desk, never looking up. "Nothing reported here, except three handkerchiefs, a glove and two boys' coats brought in from that train. That's all."

"Those are our coats," said I.

"Then identify 'em," said the man.

I looked at Billy and he looked at me; then we both looked at the conductor, who laughed again.

"Describe your coats, boys," said he.

"Oh!" says we. And then we told him, and he brought out two coats, which, sure 'nough, were ours.

"Mine was over her and Billy's was rolled up under her head," I said.

"Who?" asked the man.

"Tod," I said.

"Was that your brother's name?"

"No, sir; it's my sister's, and I should think you might act 's if you cared a little, 'cause she's lost."

"Oh, she'll turn up all right," said that hard-hearted, mean man, and went on writing.

All this time the conductor had been standing in the doorway, with his forehead all puckered up, like father's when he's thinking.

"Come, boys," says he; "we'll go and tel'graph to your father."

"I'll bet my kite you'll never see her again, Jimmy," Billy said, and then he began to tell me a story 'bout a little girl who got lost and was never found.

I don't b'lieve I ever liked Billy Crocker so little as then, but I tried to make 'lowances for him, 'cause Tod wasn't his sister, you see. Besides, if I'd spoken sharp to him, as I felt half a mind to, I was sure I'd break out crying.

After the conductor had tel'graphed to father, we got in the car again. He gave Billy and me each two sandwiches. He said he thought we must be hungry. And he was right, and ever since that I don't think conductors can be beat for being good to little boys.

He made the train stop at every station on the way back, but every time he'd come in he'd say: "No news yet," and I wished he wouldn't say it quite so often.

Billy tried to "cheer me" by telling all kinds of stories. He said he was certain Tod had either been stolen for a ransom or else she'd been carried off so's to sell her hair for wigs, like a story he'd read, or she might have been sold somewhere for a slave.

"Anyhow, she's a goner, Jimmy," said he at the last station before Harristown, "and I'm sorry for you, 'cause you're 'most sure to get a licking."

That's 'bout the way I looked at it, but somehow I felt the worst about Tod.

When we got to Harristown we saw mother and father standing on the station platform. The next minute the train had stopped, and Billy said: "I'm glad I'm not in your shoes, Jimmy." And then he sneaked out of the rear door and was gone quicker'n you could wink.

Well, when I got out, I just rushed up to mother and put both arms around her, and said:

"Oh, mother! what shall we do?"

She hugged me just as tight and kissed me.

"My poor, dear, careless boy!" said she.

'Oh, Jimmy, we was so scared 'bout you!" said somebody else.

And I looked up in a hurry, and there—would you b'lieve it?—stood Tod!

"Why—why, mother!" was all I could manage to say.

Then father asked me some questions and seemed as glad to see me as if I'd been lost 'stead of Tod.

Then we went over home. I felt so tired and sleepy I could hardly walk, and as soon as we got there I laid down on the lounge and was made much of by everyone, 'stead of being in disgrace, as I supposed I'd be.

Tod sat in her little chair close to me and held my hand in one of hers and her doll in the other one, and I never saw her look so pretty, and she explained the whole thing.

"Why, Jimmie," said she, "I woke up in just a little while and climbed out of the car. And Norah was at the back door and I went right in. So I wasn't lost at all."

Nobody scolded me the least bit. Mother said she thought I'd be punished enough, and she hoped I'd profit by it. Then she kissed me.

After Jerry came home I heard her say one day to father:

"I b'lieve you're right 'bout James. I really see signs of improvement in him at last."

And I think that's the most remarkable part of my story, don't you?—Chelsea G. Fraser, in Detroit Free Press.

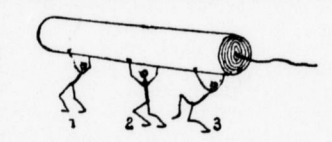
AN EDITION OF BURNS.

He is certainly far from poetic,
But when from his frolic he turns,
He seems—'tis a thought most pathetic—
A modern edition of Burns.
—Washington Star.

A Scheme That Failed.

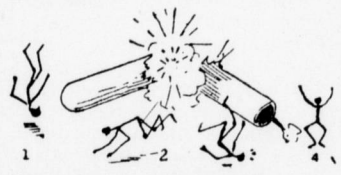
Said Number One to Two and Three:
"What is this object that we see,
So long and smooth and red and round,
That lies before us on the ground?"

Said Number Three to Two and One:
"Here is a chance for some rare fun.
This is a cracker such as boys
Use on the Fourth to make a noise."



Said Number One to Three and Two:
"I'll tell you now what we will do;
We'll bear this home and then to-night
We'll give to Four a fearful fright."

Now Number Four chanced to be near
And happened these remarks to hear;
And touching to the fuse a light
Said: "Now we'll see who'll get the fright."



What happened one may plainly see.
Poor Numbers One, Two and Three
Were shocked and shook and tumbled o'er
Which greatly pleased sly Number Four.
—Arthur J. Burdick, in Chicago Record.

Fate.

On the Fourth you might just as well have your fling,
For life is a wonderful plot.
It's the fellow who never was doing a thing
Who always is sure to be shot
—Judge.

LORD GARNET WOLSELEY.

Great Britain's Foremost General May Be Appointed Governor-General of the Canadas.

Sir Garnet Joseph Wolseley, who may help Great Britain out of its Canadian difficulty by accepting the post of governor-general of the Dominion, is more of a soldier than a statesman, but would no doubt make a popular viceroy. He was born in Dublin in 1833 and entered the army as ensign in 1852. His first experience in battle was in the Burmese war of 1852-3, when he was severely wounded, and in which he won a

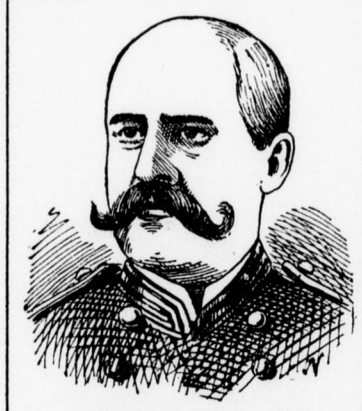
GEN. LORD WOLSELEY.
(He May Be Appointed Governor-General of Canada.)

medal. He was again wounded at the siege of Sebastopol, for which he was given the Legion of Honor and the fifth class Medjidieh. He was at the siege of Lucknow, the defense of Alumbagh, through the Chinese campaign, in command of the Ashantee campaign, and in numerous other important wars of Great Britain. He won rank after rank, honor after honor, decoration after decoration, until he became the first soldier in all the great army of the kingdom. In 1894 he was made a field marshal, and received his baton from the hand of the queen at Windsor. Lord Wolseley is the author of several works which, quite naturally, treat of war. Among them may be mentioned "Narrative of the War with China in 1860," "The Soldier's Pocket Book for Field Service," "System of Field Maneuvers," "Essays," and "France as a Military Power." His influence has been great in establishing the power of Great Britain in new colonies, and there is no more distinguished soldier living than he. The governor generalship of Canada is a loftier position than any yet held by him.

CAPT. SILAS CASEY.

A Brave and Tried Officer Who Has Just Been Made a Commodore by the President.

Capt. Silas Casey, of the United States navy, who has just been appointed a commodore by the president, is a brave and tried officer who won a capital reputation as a fighter during the civil war. He came out of the academy in 1860 and was executive officer of the gunboat Wissahickon, which took part in the attack on Charleston under Admiral Dupont. He fought in the attack on Fort Fisher as executive officer of the Quaker City. In 1866 he was commissioned lieutenant commander, and in 1872 was the executive officer of the Colorado (flagship), and commanded a battalion of sailors in the assault on Fort McKee. From 1891 to 1893 Capt. Casey commanded the Newark and more recently the New York. During the time he was stationed at the Brooklyn navy yard he and his family were very popular in New York society. Troops of the Four Hundred visited the yard and learned all about war vessels that the head officer could tell them, or rather all that he could make them understand. He was made captain in 1889.



COMMODORE SILAS CASEY.
(One of the Most Popular Officers in the American Navy.)

Value of England's Navy.

The present value of the British fleet in money is about £52,000,000. According to recently issued papers the proportion of ships of very large dimensions to the total number built is not nearly so great as is often asserted. There are 22 ships of over 14,000 tons. All but two of these are battleships, the exceptions being the Powerful and the Terrible, cruisers. Of between 12,000 and 13,000 tons there are 11 ships, 7 battleships and 4 cruisers; between 10,000 and 12,000 tons there are 10 ships, 2 being battleships. Twelve cruisers are from 6,500 to 9,100 tons; 24 between 2,000 and 4,000 tons. Of between 1,000 and 2,000 tons there are 22 vessels, and 43 are less than 1,000 tons. Little more than one-fifth of the total number are over 9,000 tons.

No Two Birds Fly Alike.

Not two kinds of birds fly alike. The style of flight depends on the structure and form of the feathers, the wings and the tail.

Russia's Great Penal Colony.

In 15 years Russia has sent 624,000 persons to Siberia, fully 100,000 relatives of prisoners having accompanied the exiles of their own free will.

A HOT SKIRMISH.

Cavalrymen Attack 2,000 Spaniards Near Santiago.

DEARLY BOUGHT VICTORY

Americans Drove the Enemy Into the City, but Lost Heavily.

BLOCK HOUSES DESTROYED.

Linares and His Spanish Soldiers Were in Such a Hurry to Reach Santiago that They Did Not Try to Burn the Town of Juragua.

Juragua, via Playa del Este, Guantanamo bay, June 25.—Friday morning four troops of the First cavalry, four troops of the Tenth cavalry and eight troops of Roosevelt's rough riders—less than 1,000 men in all—dismounted and attacked 2,000 Spanish soldiers in the thickets within five miles of Santiago. The Americans beat the enemy back into the city, but they left the following dead on the field: Rough Riders Capt. Allyn K. Capron, of Troop L; Sergeant Hamilton Fish, jr.; Private Tilman and Dawson, both of Troop L; Private Dougherty, of Troop A; Private W. T. Erwin, of Troop F; First cavalry—Privates Dix, York, Bejork, Kolbe, Berlin and Lennock; Tenth cavalry, Corporal White.

At least 50 Americans were wounded, including six officers. Several of the wounded will die. Twelve dead Spaniards were found in the bushes after the fight, but their loss was doubtless far in excess of that. Gen. Young commanded the expedition and was with the regulars, while Col. Wood directed the operations of the rough riders several miles west. Both parties struck the Spaniards about the same time and the fight lasted an hour.

The Spaniards opened fire from the thicket and had every advantage of numbers and position, but the troops drove them back from the start, stormed the blockhouse around which they made the final stand and sent them scattering over the mountains. The cavalrymen were afterwards reinforced by the Seventh, Twelfth and Seventeenth infantry, part of the Ninth cavalry, the Second Massachusetts and Seventy-first New York. The Americans now hold the position at the threshhold of Santiago, with more troops going forward constantly, and they are preparing for a final assault upon the city.

On Board the Dispatch Boat Dauntless, off Juragua, province of Santiago de Cuba, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 25.—The advance of the American army has reached the edge of the table land in which the harbor of Santiago de Cuba lies. Here, seven miles from Morro castle, the main body of the troops united and the Spaniards retreated toward Santiago. They may attempt a surprise, but a decisive engagement is not expected for several days.

Gen. Lawton's brigade, which rested Wednesday night at Demajayabo, four miles west of Baiquiri, resumed its march at daylight Thursday. Before noon his brigade occupied Juragua, five miles beyond, and the American flag was hoisted there.

The Spaniards retired before the advance, which was covered by Cuban skirmishers, burning the blockhouses as they went.

Col. Wagner with a small reconnaissance party brushed against the flank of a retreating Spanish column 200 strong, at Firmezas. A dozen shots were fired by the Spaniards, as Col. Wagner fell back. Before Gen. Lawton could bring up the Twenty-second regiment the Spaniards had decamped westward.

Juragua was abandoned by Gen. Linares and 1,200 Spanish troops with such haste that they had no time to burn the town, though an ineffectual effort was made to destroy the locomotives of the railroad and the rolling stock. Gen. Linares retreated to Sevilla, six miles west of Juragua by road and nine miles from Santiago de Cuba. A detachment of 170 Cubans collided with the Spanish rear guard. The Cubans lost two men killed and had seven men wounded. The Spanish loss is not known. One Spaniard was macheted.

Gen. Bates, with the reserve of the Twentieth infantry and Col. Woods' rough riders dismounted, with a dynamite gun hurried forward from Baiquiri at 3 o'clock, proceeding by forced marches. When the couriers brought the news that Juragua had been occupied, the troop ships which had not disembarked their troops steamed to Juragua with the view of landing them there. But the heavy sea beating on the beach made it impossible to get the boats through the surf.

The Cubans expect the first stand to be made at Savilla and they have proved good prophets in the past. Gen. Lawton's men are badly fagged by forced marches and the intense heat. Their rations are almost exhausted. They started with three days' supplies and a pack train will be sent forward. Strong outposts are maintained at night in order to prevent a surprise and Juragua is also under the protection of the guns of the warships. Thus the flank of the advancing American column is safe. The Spaniards, to attack our troops, must make a forced march through an almost impenetrable undergrowth.

A Murder in a Park.

Washington, June 25.—In broad daylight and in the presence of over a hundred people, a murder was committed in one of Washington's public parks last evening. George W. Horton, an ex-member of the Washington police force, and Jane Nicholson, a divorced woman, were sitting about 7 o'clock on a bench in Armory square. The woman announced to Horton that she proposed no longer to sustain her relations with him, and was about to rise from the bench and leave him when he drew a small penknife from his pocket and with a blade ground to a razor edge almost severed her head from the body. He was arrested.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
WM. A. STONE, of Allegany.
For Lieutenant-Governor,
J. P. S. GOBIN, of Lebanon.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
JOSEPH W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.
For Judge of Superior Court,
WILLIAM M. PORTER, of Phiadelphia.
For Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna.
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.
For Representative in Congress,
HON. CHARLES W. STONE, of Warren.
For President Judge,
B. W. GREEN, of Cameron,
[Subject to the decision of the Republican District Convention.]

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The dynamite shells of the Vesuvius are sent on their mission by compressed air instead of powder.

***

Germany can send as many ships as she chooses to Manila, but she mustn't try any "funny business" with them.

—[Pittsburg Times.

***

The death of Judge Wickham leaves a vacancy in the Superior Court of this State. Many names are mentioned for the appointment by the Governor. The appointment should be accorded the western portion of the State, and we know of no candidate mentioned who would give better satisfaction than Hon. O. C. Allen, of Warren. He is popular with the masses and an able lawyer. He would add strength to the ticket.

***

The State Chairman, J. P. Elkin, predicts a Republican victory this year. The campaign will not open before the first of next September. "It is not material," said Mr. Elkin, "who the Democrats nominate for Governor, Republican success this year is not contingent upon the mistakes of others. This is a Republican year and we are going to win, not because of any weakness upon the part of the opposition, but because of the strength of our own ticket, which will be elected by a handsome majority. The legislative contests are all in good condition and there is no apprehension felt on that score."

Pressed Bricks.

All bicyclers are expected to turn out on the Fourth for parade.

Ice cream social at Mr. R. R. McQuay's lawn on Saturday evening, July 2.

Let every business house and residence be decorated for the Fourth. Commence early.

C. B. Howard & Co. are now running their log train day and night, in order to keep the mill supplied.

The ball game on the Fourth, between Sterling Run and Emporium, promises to be interesting.

The old S. C. Hyde residence on Sixth street, owned by Mr. Lillibridge, of Port Allegany, is being repaired.

Mrs. H. C. Rockwell has completely renovated and repainted the store room occupied by Henry Edgcomb.

It will pay you to come to Emporium to see the balloon ascension and parachute jump. There will be no failure.

The army worm has invaded orchards in near by counties, and it is said that the trees have been stripped bare of their leaves.

When you purchase a postoffice money order it will be necessary to pay two cents extra as a war tax. This also applies to express company money orders.

Sermon to children next Sunday morning in Methodist Episcopal church. A chorus of children will conduct the music. Old and young invited.

N. Seger will gratify your ambition to buy cheap and give extra good qualties in the bargain. Such fine goods you never saw sold so low—the world's best at fair figures.

Stylish, well-made clothing is a hobby with N. Seger, and it makes no difference whether you pay him $7.00 or $20.00 for a suit, he makes it his business to give you clothing that is well-made and modern in every detail.

At a meeting of the Capitol Building Commission last night it was practically agreed that the corner-stone of the new State House should be laid about the middie of July. Allen B. Rorke, the contractor, said the building would be completed within the time fixed by the Commission.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

The Truth About "Bossism."

Is it not somewhat inconsistent for the friends of Hon. John Wanamaker to continue the cry of "bossism," when bossism is the fundamental principle of the movement which they represent? Mr. Wanamaker, for years has been seeking office at the hands of the Republicans of this State. Failing in this he has sought the position of a political manager or boss who could make or unmake nominations at will and dictate the policy of the party organization. In order to become a boss, John Wanamaker has called to his support a host of practical politicians made notorious by their connection with the so-called "combine." David Martin, famous throughout the country as a political boss, is and has been Wanamaker's chief-of-staff. Bossism is denounced by Wanamaker and his followers as an unpardonable offense and at the same time, to the full limit of their power, they are bosses.

Mr. Wanamaker, at the eleventh hour, turned over his delegates to Hon. C. W. Stone, of this congressional district, because he (Wanamaker) was unable to make, as one of the delegates expressed it, "a ghost of a show," and he now expects the friends of our popular Congressman to array themselves under his leadership as inciters of factional discontent and confusion in the party ranks. Hon. C. W. Stone would have received no assistance from John Wanamaker at the convention in Harrisburg if the Philadelphia millionaire had had a chance to win, or to make even a respectable demonstration of personal popularity. It is the dream of Wanamaker's life to become a powerful figure in the politics of Pennsylvania, and if he could have accomplished his ends at Harrisburg there would have been no deal with C. W. Stone. The latter candidate, however, proved a most formidable competitor to his namesake from Allegheny, and the result of the balloting in his behalf placed him in a position to win, later on. He is to-day one of the strongest men in the Republican party of Pennsylvania. And like the sensible man he is, our representative in Congress is not nursing imaginary grievances against the successful nominee.

Hon. C. W. Stone is a Republican. He is loyal to the party and he recognizes the will of the majority in reaching party decisions. He will vote for Hon. W. A. Stone for Governor, and use his influence to roll up the usual overwhelming Republican majority in the State.

In view of these facts, it is strange that certain friends of C. W. Stone should continue to exhibit resentment toward the party's candidate for Governor and proceed upon the foolish assumption that "bossism" has usurped the place of the popular will in party councils. Had C. W. Stone been nominated for Governor, many of the friends of the defeated candidates would have raised the same howl regarding the success of the man from Warren. It is a favorite cry in political campaigns and is usually a misleading one. The Republicans of Pennsylvania are free and intelligent citizens. They vote for the men whom they desire to elect. At the primaries they choose delegates to give expression to their choice in convention deliberations. To say that the Republicans of the State are under the control of this or that man, is the veriest nonsense. Republicans know what they want and generally insist upon having it.

The present candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania occupies that position merely by virtue of the fact that he had a majority of the delegates on his side. For months he has been pressing his canvass in the various counties of the State; he is a popular, able man; sound in Republican principles; a champion of better immigration laws, and an ex-soldier. He was closely in touch with the people and was ably supported by some of the leading Republican papers of the State. And he succeeded. He did not have so large a majority as his friends desired, but it was large enough to win, and he occupies first place on the ticket.

The plain duty of the Republicans of Pennsylvania is to remain true to the party and to themselves and to dismiss the idle clamor of the malcontents as a thing that deserves no serious consideration. The platform adopted at Harrisburg is one that strikes the keynote of the party's future position in National affairs; it is strongly American from first to last clause, and upon it Hon. W. A. Stone and the other candidates of the State ticket will be triumphantly elected in November. They will not be elected by "bossism," but by the people, and they will serve the people honorably and as statesmen.

—[Bradford Era.

The American volunteer can always be depended upon in an emergency.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 27, 1898.

President McKinley, his Cabinet, and Congress as a whole are much pleased, as they have every reason to be, with the news from Cuba. General Shafter's campaign has been a success from the moment his army was landed. Every fight with the Spanish has resulted in a victory for his men, and each day has seen his army nearer Santiago. He is free to use his own judgment as to whether he will at once storm the heavy fortifications at Santiago, defended by an army more numerous than his own, the men of which being acclimated do not suffer from the heat as our men do, or whether he will await the arrival of the reinforcements now on the way to him, and of those to be sent this week from Tampa. If he decides to go right ahead, news of a big battle may be expected at any moment. The killing and wounding of Americans in the bush fighting that has taken place between Shafter's men and the Spanish, while, of course, deeply regretted, was no more than what was expected to accompany fighting on land. The storming of Santiago, whether at once or later, is certain to result in the capture of the town, but it is expected to be bloody work.

There is no truth in the report sent from Washington that General Miles was going to Cuba to take charge of the campaign against Santiago. Gen. Miles expects to go to Santiago in a few days, but he calculates to find it in the possession of Gen. Shafter when he gets there. His object in going is, not to supersede Gen. Shafter, but to make Santiago the base from which the operations against Porto Rico, which are to follow its capture, may be conducted, provided that our boys stand the climate fairly well. Santiago is several days nearer Porto Rico than the nearest port on the Florida coast. Like the President, Gen. Miles is perfectly satisfied with Shafter's work as far as it has gone.

If the report from Madrid saying that a new ministry was at once to be chosen for the purpose of sueing for peace was started with the hope or expectation that it would cause the slightest cessation in the vigorous prosecution of the war by this government, its originators must have been entirely ignorant of sentiment on this side of the Atlantic, and may as well prepare for a disappointment. Spain can get peace by asking for the terms of the U. S. and accepting those terms without the slightest change, and in no other way. Having taken the trouble and gone to the expense to get ready to crush Spain, this government will not order the slightest delay in the crushing in response to Spanish trickery.

Senator Hoar, chairman of the Senate committee on the Judiciary, says of the compromise Bankruptcy bill, which is now awaiting President McKinley's signature to become a law: "In getting it through we have been obliged to leave in it some crudities and imperfections, which must be remedied by subsequent legislation. The bill will enable from 150,000 to 200,000 bankrupts to get on their feet again. It will enable manufacturers and merchants to get a fair division of their debtors' property, and will prevent a great deal of fraud, embezzlement, and wasteful dealing with property."

The Currency Reform bill, recently reported from the House Banking and Currency committee, will not be pushed at the present session of Congress. In deference to some of the members of the committee the bill has been recalled from the calendar, which leaves it occupying the same position it did before it was reported to the House. This is just as well, as it is well known that the Senate would not have acted upon the bill under any circumstances at this session. While the country is engaged in carrying on a war is hardly the proper time for Congress to handle a subject as important as the one this bill deals with. No time will be lost by deferring action by the House.

The attention of the would-be military critics, who seem to think it as easy to move an army as it is to trace lines over a map with a pencil, is called to the fact that Gen. Shafter's army was moved so rapidly after landing in Cuba, although the movements were made in the face of a fighting enemy, that the supply trains found it difficult to keep up with the men.

No one will be much surprised should the opposition to the Senate voting on the resolution for the annexation of Hawaii utterly collapse during the present week, as many believe it will. The stand of President McKinley and more than two-thirds of the House against any adjournment of Congress until the Senate has voted has shown the opposition, with a few exceptions, that filibustering will not help them, and that as long as a vote has got to be taken before adjournment it would just as well be taken now as later. Adjournment is likely to speedily follow the adoption of the annexation resolution by the Senate, as all of the important business of the session has about been disposed of, and President McKinley is conducting the war so successfully that Congress is perfectly willing to leave its finish in his hands.

State Ticket Notes.

The Republicans understand that McKinley must not only be indorsed but that Republicans must be sent to the United States Senate and House of Representatives in order to fully support him. Pennsylvania was the banner State in 1896, and she will take no backward step in 1898.

—[Clarion Gazette.

Disappointments were to be expected, but even those who opposed the selection of Colonel Stone as the candidate of Senator Quay are expressing compliance with the will of the people as represented at the convention, and it will be a solid party which casts its vote in November for our ticket.

—[Lewisburg Chronicle.

With Colonel Stone in the Gubernatorial chair there will be no factional favoritism, but a rendering of the affairs of the State for the greatest good to the greatest number. The people nominated him; they will elect him and he will not play them false.

—[Chambersburg Public Opinion.

A fortnight ago there was some pretty tall talk about the dire disaster to the Republican party which would follow the nomination of Colonel Stone and it was confidently predicted by a certain class of politicians that there would be an independent movement, or bolt, of so prodigious proportions as would make sure the defeat of the Republican ticket; but already the atmosphere is clearing and already is it plain that no bolters' ticket can this year command sufficient support to endanger the defeat of the regular nominees.—[Montrose Republican.

Colonel Stone will make a good Governor. He has back of him a record for which he need offer no apology and which is a guaranty that he will administer faithfully the trust the people will commit to his hands.

—[Huntingdon Globe.

Talk that Colonel W. A. Stone and the whole Republican ticket will not be elected in this State has ceased. There never was any excuse for it, and now that the disappointed have had time to cool and think it over there is little heard of it.—[Crawford Journal.

Unless the present drift of Democratic affairs should change, Cnairman Garmon and his cheap money associates will control the Altoona convention, and the gubernatorial candidate will be one of their choice. Such a prospect must be gratifying to the Republicans, for the nomination could not command anything near the normal Democratic vote of the State, and Republican success would be made comparatively easy.—[Somerset Standard.

Pennsylvania is too deeply interested in the maintenance of a sound and stable currency and in the protection of her industries to falter in her support of Republican principles, even though the candidate presented for Governor was not the choice of ali. The party must do its full share to maintain Pennsylvania's reputation in both branches of Congress. It must stand by the administration of William McKinley.—[Ebensburg Herald.

Sunday Excursion to Portage Falls.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run Special Excursion Trains to Portage Falls, Sunday, July 3d, 17th, 31st, Aug. 14th and 28th.

Trains will leave Emporium, at 8:00 a. m.. Fare for the round trip $1.00.

The Portage excursions proved very enjoyable for the public, and successful for the company, last season, and no doubt will this season. Passengers are allowed six hours at Portage in which to view the beauties of Glen Iris. Visit the Historic Indian Council House and other points of interest and return home at a seasonable hour.

There are excellent hotels at Portage or you can take your lunch. Remember the dates. 17-10t.

8th INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION

Baptist Young People's Union of America, Buffalo, N. Y., July 14th to 17th, 1898.

Low rates via Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg RR., for the 8th International Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., July 14-17, the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg RR. Co. will sell excursion tickets from points on its line, to Buffalo and return, at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold for all regular trains July 12th to 15th, and will be good for return passage from Buffalo until July 19th, 1898, with a further provision, that, by depositing ticket with Joint Agent of Trust Lines at Buffalo, not earlier than July 17th, nor later than July 19th, and on payment of 50c., return limit will be extended until September 1st, 1898.

For time of trains, and further information, consult the naarest agent of the company. [2t]

Low Rates Made by the Nickel Plate Road.

Only $11.85, Buffalo to Warsaw, Ind., and return, every day to Sept, 15th.

Only $36.20, Buffalo to Omaha and return, every day, account Exposition.

Only $7.00, Buffalo to Detroit and return, via Cleveland and boat, June 27 and 28th, returning until July 4th, account Knights of St. John.

Only $19.25, Buffalo to Nashville, Tenn, and return, July 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th, good returning until August 1st.

Only $12.00, Buffalo to Chicago and return, July 12th and 13th, good to return until August 10th.

For information call on your nearest ticket agent, or address F. J. Mooro, Gen'l Agent, Nickel Plate Road, 291 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. 36-15-4t.

Diphtheria

In Spain's army would be terrible, because in that country Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops have not been introduced. It has proved to be the quick sure cure for throat diseases. Sold by druggists. R.C. Dodgson. 6ly

THE VERY LATEST!

IN

MEN AND

BOYS' SUITS.

Copyright 1898 by
The Stein-Bloch Co.

We have just received an elegant line of Rochester Tailor Made Clothing, in the latest styles for summer wear and would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock.

STRAW HATS,
CRASH HATS.
SOFT HATS,
BICYCLE CAPS,
BICYCLE BELTS,
BICYCLE SHIRTS.

Owing to the immense stock of Bicycle Clothing that we have on hand and in order to make room for the large invoice of Rochester Tailor Made Clothing just received, we have decided to make a 20 per cent. cut in the price of all Bicycle Suits, beginning on Saturday, June 11th.

JOHN J. SOBLE,

CLOTHIER AND
MEN'S OUTFITTER.

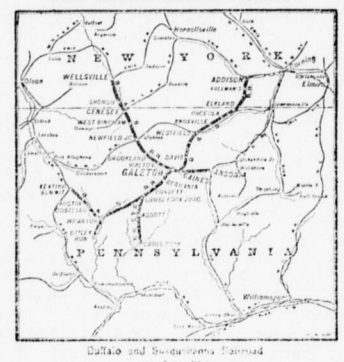
Opposite Post-office, Emporium, Pa.

Traveler's Guide.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R.

Time Table taking Effect June 6th, 1898.

"The Grand Scenic Route."



Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad
and Connections.

READ UP.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	.....
ar.	K't'ng Smt	dp 8 55	7 38	.....	12 25	.....	.....
....	Austin,	.... 8 10	7 08	.....	12 00	.....	.....
....	Costello,	.....	7 00	.....	11 53	.....	.....
...	Wharton,	.....	6 46	.....	11 41	.....	.....
Cross Fork	J'ct,	.....	6 00	.....	10 56	.....	.....
....	Corbett,	.....	5 31	.....	10 29	.....	.....
...	Germania,	.....	5 20	.....	10 18	.....	.....
dp.	Galeton	ar P. M.	5 13	.....	10 12	.....	.....
ar.	"	dp. 7 10	.....	12 55	10 00	.....	.....
....	Gaines,	.... 6 55	.....	12 41	9 42	.....	.....
..	Sabinsville,	.. 6 30	.....	12 17	9 06	.....	.....
...	Westfield,	... 6 19	.....	12 06	8 52	.....	.....
..	Knoxville	... 6 05	.....	11 50	8 30	.....	.....
....	Osceola,	..... 5 55	.....	11 41	8 07	.....	.....
...	Elkland,	..... 5 51	.....	11 36	7 58	.....	.....
Lv	Addison,	Ar. 5 15	.....	11 05	7 15	.....	.....
			P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....

READ DOWN.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....	.....
Ar	K'ting Smt	lv	12 40	7 50	9 10	.....	.....
.....	Austin	.....	6 40	1 05	8 20	9 50	.....
....	Costello	.....	6 47	1 12	.....	.....	.....
....	Wharton	.....	6 59	1 24	.....	.....	.....
Cross Fork	Jct.	.....	7 44	2 09	.....	.....	.....
....	Corbett	.....	8 11	2 36	.....	.....	.....
....	Germania	.....	8 22	2 47	.....	.....	.....
Ar.	Galeton,	.....	8 28	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv.	Galeton,	.....	8 38	2 53	.....	.....	.....
.....	Gaines	.....	8 52	3 08	.....	.....	.....
..	Sabinsville	.....	9 21	3 33	.....	.....	.....
..	Westfield	.....	9 33	3 43	.....	.....	.....
..	Knoxville	.....	9 47	3 56	.....	.....	.....
...	Osceola	.....	9 58	4 06	.....	.....	.....
....	Elkland	.....	10 03	4 11	.....	.....	.....
....	Addison	.....	10 34	4 43	.....	.....	.....
			A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....

Read up. Read down.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	.....		
.....	5 10	10 00	Ar.	Galeton. Lv	6 30	1 05	.....		
....	4 51	9 41	....	Walton.....	6 47	1 24	.....		
.....	4 27	9 17	..	Newfield Jct...	7 13	1 50	.....		
.....	4 09	8 59		West Bingham,.	7 30	2 06	.....		
.....	3 58	8 48	....	Genesee....	7 41	2 18	.....		
.....	3 53	8 43	....	Shongo	7 46	2 24	.....		
.....	3 30	8 20	dp	Wellsville ar	8 06	2 26	.....		
							.....		
.....	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	.....		
.....	4 40	10 10	ar.	Galeton.. lv	8 25	2 00	.....		
.....	4 20	9 58	.....	Gaines.....	8 43	2 26	.....		
.....	3 50	9 38	ar.	Ansonia ..lv	9 15	3 00	.....		

STATIONS.				
P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	A. M.
2 00	7 30	ar	11 00	6 00
1 00	6 30	dp Cross Fork. ar	12 00	7 00

All trains run daily except Sunday.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with W. N. Y. & P. R. R. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with Fall Brook R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses and points on Cowanesque Valley branch of Fall Brook R.R.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

H.C. UNDERHILL, Gen'l Pass. Agt. Buffalo, N.Y
C.W. GOODYEAR, Gen'l Man'gr. Buffalo.
CHARLES E. DAVIS,
Divison Pass. Agt. Wellsville, N.Y.

Traveler's Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 29, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 20 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.30 A. M., New York 7.33 A.M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

9 37 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.38 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.25 A. M., Washington 7.40 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 week days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 28 P. M.—Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:50 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.40 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.50 p, m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.30 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a. m., Washington 7.50 a.m., Baltimore 8.50 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10.15 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.28 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.

(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD	
A. M.		A. M.		P. M.	P. M.
8 55	.....	4 00	.... Renovo	5 00	..... 11 05
9 47	.....	4 41	...Driftwood...	4 03	..... 10 12
10 25	.....	5 10	Emporium Junc	3 25	..... 9 40
11 08	.....	5 52	...St. Marys...	2 40	..... 9 01
11 15	.....		.....Kane.....	12 20	..... 9 05
11 34	.....		....Wilcox.....	11 58	..... 8 42
11 49	.....		..Johnsonburg..	11 43	..... 8 26
	.....			.....	.....
	.....			.....	.....
12 10	.....	6 20	...Ridgway.....	8 50	..... 8 05
12 17	.....	6 27	..Island Run..	8 43	..... 7 55
12 22	.....	6 32	Carman Tr'nfer	8 38	..... 7 49
12 31	.....	6 41	.. Croyland..	8 29	..... 7 40
12 35	.....	6 45	..Shorts Mills..	8 26	..... 7 36
12 39	.....	6 48	...Blue Rock...	8 22	..... 7 33
12 43	.....	6 53	.....Carrier.....	8 17	..... 7 28
12 53	.....	7 02	.Brockwayville.	8 08	..... 7 18
12 57	.....	7 06	...Lanes Mills..	8 02	..... 7 13
	.....	7 11	.McMinns Sn't.	7 58	.....
1 07	.....	7 14	.Harveys Run..	7 54	..... 7 04
1 15	.....	7 20	..Falls Creek..	7 50	..... 7 00
1 40	.....	7 35	.... DuBois....	7 40	..... 6 40
1 20	.....	7 25	..Falls Creek...	7 00	..... 6 55
1 35	.....	7 40	..Reynoldsville..	6 45	..... 6 40
2 11	.....	8 16	...Brookville...	6 09	..... 6 04
3 05	.....	9 10	New Bethlehem	5 20	..... 5 10
3 50	.....	9 55	...Red Bank....	.....	..... 4 25
6 30	.....	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	..... 1 40
P. M.	.....	P. M.		A. M.	..... P. M.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY.

Time Table In Effect April 18, 1897.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating-Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 8.30 A. M.
Mail, (103) daily except Sunday..... 1.45 P. M.

Train No. 103 (mail) will connect at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

Call on E. C. DAVISON, Agent, Emporium, for time tables or other information.

R. BELL, Gen'l Supt.

J. A. FELLOWS, Gen'l Pass'ngr & Ticket Agt. Mooney Brisbane Building, Cor. Main and Clinton Streets, Buffalo, N. Y.

TIME TABLE No. 23.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.

Taking effect June 15th, 1898.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10	4	6	2
		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Port Allegany,	Lv.	3 15	7 18	.....	12 10
Coleman,		*3 23	○○	.....	*12 15
Burtville,		*3 30	7 29	.....	12 22
Roulette,		3 40	7 36	.....	12 30
Knowlton's,		*3 45	○○	.....	*12 33
Mina,		*3 59	7 46	.....	12 40
Olmsted,		4 05	*7 50	.....	*12 44
Hammonds,		○○	○○	.....	*12 49
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	7 57	.....	12 53
	Lv.			6 15	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,		.....	.....	*6 29	*1 14
Colesburg,		.....	.....	*6 36	1 21
Seven Bridges,		.....	.....	*6 39	*1 24
Raymonds's,		.....	.....	*6 49	1 35
Gold,		.....	.....	6 54	1 41
Newfield,		.....	.....	.....	1 45
Newfield Junction,		.....	.....	7 02	1 50
Perkins,		.....	.....	○○	*1 53
Carpenter's,		.....	.....	○○	*1 56
Crowell's,		.....	.....	*7 10	*1 59
Ulysses,	Ar.	.....	.....	7 18	2 10
		.....	.....	.....	.....

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.		1	5	3	
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses,	Lv.	7 32	2 30	10 05	.....
Crowell's,		*7 41	*2 39	*10 15	.....
Carpenter's,		○○	*2 41	*10 18	.....
Perkins,			*2 44	*10 21	.....
Newfield Junction,		7 47	2 46	10 25	.....
Newfield,		*7 51	2 50	*10 30	.....
Gold,		7 55	2 54	10 35	.....
Raymond's,		*7 59	2 59	*10 40	.....
Seven Bridges,		*8 11	*3 11	*10 55	.....
Colesburg,		*8 14	3 14	*11 00	.....
Frink's,		*8 22	*3 22	*11 09	.....
North Coudersport,		○○	*3 31	*11 20	.....
Coudersport,	Ar.	8 36	3 36	11 30	.....
	Lv.			P. M.	.....
Hammonds,		8 41	6 00	1 20	.....
Olmsted,		○○	○○	○○	.....
Mina,		*8 46	*6 06	*1 27	.....
Knowlton's,		8 50	6 10	1 31	.....
Roulette,		○○	*6 18	○○	.....
Burtville,		9 00	6 21	1 45	.....
Coleman,		9 08	6 29	2 55	.....
Port Allegany,		○○	*6 35	○○	.....
		9 21	6 40	2 35	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y. for points north and south, At Newfield Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R., north of Wellsville, south of Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.

THE SHORT LINE BETWEEN BUFFALO, ROCHESTER, SALAMANCA, RIDGWAY, DUBOIS, PUNXSUTAWNEY, AND ALL POINTS IN THE NORTH, EAST AND WEST.

On and after Feb. 20, 1898, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg daily, except Sunday, as follows:

8:32 a. m., from P. & E. station for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and Clearfield.

11:52 a. m., from P. & E. station, mail for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and Rochester.

2:35 p. m., from P. & E. station, mail for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, and Clearfield.

2:28 p. m. from B. R. & P. station, Buffalo Express for Bradford, Salamanca, Springville and Buffalo.

Thousand mile tickets good for passage between all stations at two cents per mile.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Ag't., Rochester, N. Y.

Old Reliable Drug Store.

Owing to the very liberal patronage I have had from our people and in view of the hard times I will until MAY 1st, reduce the price of Physicians Prescriptions as follows, viz:

All 1 oz. mixtures, regular price, 20 to 15
All 2 oz. mixtures, regular price, 25 to 19
All 3 oz. mixtures, regular price, 35 to 25
All 4 oz. mixtures, regular price, 45 to 30
All 6 oz. mixtures, regular price, 65 to 50
All 8 oz. mixtures, regular price, 85 to 65

And a corresponding reduction on all packages of Powders, Pills, Ointments. Also liberal discount on all Patent Medicines, Baby Foods, Perfumes, Toilet and Fancy Articles and extra liberal discount on Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, Atomizers and Nursing Bottles.

I will guarantee my goods to be strictly fresh and equal to any goods in the market.

Thirty years experience in the town of Emporium is sufficient evidence of competency. If you wish to avail yourself of the liberal offer, leave your Physician's Prescriptions and drug trade in general at the OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

L. TAGGART.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., June 20, 1898.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 50
Graham, "	75
Rye, "	65
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	90
Chop Feed, "	90
Middlings, "	90
Bran, "	90
Corn, per bushel,	50
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter, or personally.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gross spent Sunday with Mrs. Gross' parents at Austin.

Chas. W. Williams, of Mason Hill, was calling on Emporium friends Tuesday.

Mrs. S. T. Howard and daughter, of Williamsport, are guests of Mrs. H. C. Rockwell.

Col. J. O. Brookbank, of Driftwood, was calling on Emporium friends last Saturday.

County Commissioners' Clerk Franklin Housler threatens to take another trip to New York.

Frank McGloin, Jr., of Ridgway, was in town last week, while on his way home from Buffalo.

County Treasurer W. L. Thomas visited his old home in Chester county last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. A. A. McDonald visited friends at Driftwood a few days last week, returning home last Sunday.

Mrs. Jos. Butler and two children came over from Olean last Saturday to visit Chas. L. Butler and family.

Mrs. C. H. Sage, Jr., of Johnsonburg, came down to visit her parents and remain over for the Fourth.

Michael Murphy has resigned as postmaster at Driftwood and H. W. Mitchell has been appointed.

The many friends of Henry Auchu are pleased to see him out again. The late injury to his hand is rapidly healing.

Oliver A. Keeper, of Pittsburg, representing the A. V. R. R., was transacting business in Emporium on Monday.

Joe S. Johnston, editor of Driftwood Gazette, visited in Emporium last Sunday, guest of Jno. A. Johnston and wife.

E. P. Dalrymple and S. W. Smith, prominent attorneys of Port Allegany, were guests at the Warner House Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Davin, who reside on Woodland Avenue, are rejoicing over the arrival of a bright little lady at their home.

A. D. Gould and wife, of Eldred, stopped in Emporium Sunday, enroute for Atlantic City to join the State Editorial Association.

Mrs. Wm. Lanninger, of Elmira, N. Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Thos. Pelkey, at this place. Her many Emporium friends are pleased to greet her again.

The genial Jno. A. Noe, of Pittsburg, agent for Collier's books, has returned to Emporium again. He has sold over 2,500 volumes of literary works in Emporium alone.

Mrs. Jos. Kaye returned on Monday from visiting friends at Williamsport. Mr. Kaye went to Williamsport on Saturday, returning home on Monday with his wife.

Chas. G. Catlin, of Emporium, was a caller at the PRESS sanctum on Tuesday, and under the proper announcement of candidates will be found the object of his call.

Mrs. M. P. Whiting and daughter Reta visited Lock Haven yesterday and attended the Commencement exercises at the Normal. Miss Elva Whiting is a member of the Class.

Chas. Pealer, of Dushore, Pa., who, in company with his wife, has been visiting Alton Housler and wife at this place, was a pleasant caller at the PRESS sanctum on Friday. Mr. Pealer formerly resided at Driftwood, where he was engaged in the drug business.

J. C. Goodnough, of Emporium, who was secretary of the Congressional Conference in session at the Thomson House yesterday, renewed old acquaintances after the convention adjourned.—Kane Daily Republican.

Gottfried Schmidt, of Co H, 12th Reg. Pa. Vols., visited with C. G. Schmidt and wife several days last week. He returned to Camp Alger Sunday evening, having greatly enjoyed his visit with his brother.

Miss Lena Watt and Master Freddie Moore, of Gardeau, were the guests of Mrs. E. B. Proctor, Friday last, the former just returning home from a pleasant sojourn of three months with relatives in Philadelphia.

A. J. Seifriend, wife and family, of Emporium, drove to St. Marys last week, remaining over Sunday with relatives in town. They returned home Monday.—St. Marys Gazette.

David Kirk, Jr., of Pittsburg, accompanied by his wife, mother and sister, were guests of Fred Julian and wife the past week. Ye editor had the pleasure of meeting them.

Uncle William McGee and Gen. Geo. Washington Hall are feeding the City Hotel guests on black bass these days. They are expert fishermen.

Master Raymond Maginnes, of Kane, came down yesterday to assist his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. George Bupp, celebrate the Fourth.

Dr. Reick and brother, accompanied by W. T. Seger, rode their bikes to Austin last Sunday. They are strong advocates of good roads.

Geo. W. Huntley, Jr., was in town last evening, looking for painters, paper hangers and plumbers. He found them.

W. H. Welsh returned from Turbottsville, Tuesday evening, having completed the erection of a house for his brother.

Dr. J. T. Laning, of Washington, arrived in Emporium this morning to spend a few days with Emporium friends.

The Rebecca birthday party at Odd Fellows' Hall, Tuesday evening, was largely attended and enjoyable.

Mrs. Bardwell, of East Aurora, N. Y., is visiting her son, Dr. E. O. Bardwell and wife, at this place.

L. M. Otto and F. N. Page, two Williamsporters, registered at the Warner House yesterday.

The County Commissioners have erected a large and handsome new flag on the Court House.

Cashier Whiting attended commencement exercises at Lock Haven Normal yesterday.

Levi Zaner, of Cameron-Keating, shook hands with Emporium friends yesterday.

Mrs. Breese, wife of Mr. Breese, the Creamery manager, is visiting her husband.

Miss Olive R. Montgomery visited Miss Mae Norris at Sterling Run, yesterday.

Mrs. Jessop, of Eldred, was guest of Judge Bonham and family last week.

Miss Jessop, of Spokane, Wash., is guest of Judge Bonham and family.

Mrs. D. W. Keys has been visiting relatives at Bradford for two weeks.

Arch Andrews and wife returned from Coudersport last Saturday.

Miss Fry has returned home from an extended visit with friends.

Mrs. Josiah Howard is visiting Mrs. Mingle, in New York City.

Geo. A. Walker, Jr., assisted in the Bank this week.

Died on Sunday.

A message was received here this morning announcing the sudden death of Mrs. A. Deiches, which occurred at Austin yesterday. The deceased was 42 years of age and had been in poor health for some time. The remains will be taken to New York this evening for interment.

—[Coudersport Enterprise, 27th.

Democratic State Nominations.

The democratic State convention met at Altoona yesterday and, with the aid of the police, succeeded in nominating George A. Jenks, a free-silver advocate, for Governor; Wm. H. Sowden, of Lehigh, Lieut.-Gov.; Secretary of Internal Affairs, P. C. Delacey, of Scranton; Congress-at-Large, Jerre N. Weiler, of Carbon; F. P. Iams, Allegany; Superior Court, Wm. Trickett, Cumberland; C. M. Bower, Centre. S. S. Hackett represented Cameron county and voted for Jenks.

Gov. Hastings heard from Secretary of War Alger last Sunday and the orders are that four new companies each shall be assigned at once to the 16th, 4th, 5th and 9th regiments, the 16th being the only Western Penn'a regiment to be enlarged to three batallions. A dispatch from Chickamauga says Col. Hulings of the 16th expects to raise his four additional companies in Tionesta, DuBois, Kane and Emporium. Lieut. Col. Rickards is schooling officers and men in three-battallion movements.

Letters from the People.

[All communications under this head must be accompanied by the writer's name. We will not be held responsible for any expressions in this department.]—EDITOR.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The W. C. T. U. meets at the home of Mrs. Charles Felt, at the usual hour, on Friday afternoon. There will be a discussion on some of the needs of the day. Come and take part. All are welcome.

At the last meeting these thoughts were the subject of discussion:

"Don't have a thing in the house too good for your boy to enjoy and share with you, and don't make him use the back stairs in order to save the front hall carpet. If, as may be the case, God has only loaned you this boy for a brief while, you may realize when too late, that he was vastly more precious to you than all else you possess."

The discussion on this thought brought out the following opinions: That while our homes are to be enjoyed by our boys as well as ourselves, might we not be in danger of overdoing and allow them to acquire habits of destructiveness and selfishness and make them exacting of their mothers and sisters, and, perhaps, of their wives in the future. Would not the best way be to teach them to use and enjoy but not abuse; will they not be more likely to get the greatest good out of the nice things in their homes if they are taught to help take care of them and keep them nice.

Another thought was: "Don't let your boy lead an aimless life. Teach him to be somebody and do something for himself from little boyhood to manhood. Your bank account is no guarantee for a boy's soul, and if you have a large account that will be no excuse in the eyes of the Lord for you to train your boy to idleness. Teach him the value of money by making him earn at least a good portion of all he has during boyhood."

This thought brought out a long discussion as to what boys can do. Ought fathers to arouse themselves and find or furnish suitable occupation? Would it not need judgment as to how much ought to be put upon a boy? How much money ought a boy be allowed to use? Ought not parents look to the use boys put their money and teach them to use but not to waste? Will not a keen observer see that we are a wasteful people, and will not a thoughtful person see that the boy who is allowed to use as freely and unwisely as boys do now, will have to start in at manhood with things very much against him? His wants and tastes so vitiated that he will either be discouraged in trying to acquire enough to meet the demands of life, or he will resort to dishonest methods to acquire.

Are we not taught very strong in the great percentage of young men who have been rejected by the examining surgeons for the army on account of inabilities from use of cigarettes? If boys were not allowed so much money for such things; and then the pernicious reading they buy, the immense amount of trash to eat and drink they certainly do not need.

The last questions to be asked are, fathers and mothers what will you do about these things? God has given these boys to you, in what shape are you giving them back to God? Just as surely as they were given to you; just as surely they are to be given back, and just as plainly as God called Adam to account for the sins of his family, He will call every one of us; and don't forget that He called Adam to account first.

Burglary.

The mid-night mechanics have commenced their campaigns again. Last night the store of A. F. Vogt & Co., was again entered by burglars and thirty-two pairs of the finest shoes stolen. Mr. Vogt had connected his store with his residence by electric wires and the fact that the wires were carefully avoided is evidence that the burglars are home talent.

Gone to the Hospital.

Mrs. F. F. Pepper went to Buffalo last Saturday to undergo an operation for the removal of a cancer and a tumor. Her physician, Dr. E. O. Bardwell went to Buffalo on Tuesday to be present when the operation took place, yesterday. The Dr. will return home to-day.

LATER:—A telegram received last evening by Mr. Pepper, reports the operation successful.

Quick Work.

T. H. Belanger, of Emporium, died in Alaska, Aug. 20th, 1897, leaving a wife and two small children in this place. Mr. B., was a member of Emporium K. O. T. M,, and proofs of his death was filed June 20th, 1898, the check for $2,000 arriving here last Monday—seven days after filing proof of death. Henry Auchu, guardian for the children received the draft from Record Keeper J. P. McNarney.

Congressional Convention.

The Republican Congressional Convention of this district met at Thompson House, Kane, last Thursday. M. A. Myers, of Warren, and C. Jay Goodnough, of Emporium, acted as chairman and secretary.

The following conferees were present: Cameron county—W. H. Martindale, B. L. Spence, Charles Norton, A. S. Bailey and C. J. Goodnough. McKean—T. H. Ryan, W. G. Robarts, H. M. Clayson and James A. McKean. Warren—W. S. Pierce, D. M. Howard (proxy for A. McDonald), Thomas J. Baker, J. H. Bradley and M. A. Myers. Venango—E. W. Smiley, E. Skinner, W. F. Whiteman, H. J. McGill and Charles R. Gilbraith.

Hon. Charles W. Stone was unanimously renominated and returned his thanks to the people of this district for their renewed confidence extended to him through their representatives. His majority will be several thousand in the district.

Where Will You Spend Your Summer Vacation?

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. announce two delightful excursions to the Thousand Islands, to be run July 23d and August 20th. The train will leave Emporium at 8:30 a. m. Fare for round trip $6.50. Tickets will be good ten days returning.

Among the Thousand Islands on the St. Lawrence River is a most charming resort for a week's vacation; boating, fishing, and steam-boat excursions are among the pleasures derived at the Islands. For full information call on W. N. Y. & P. Ry. Agents, or write S. B. Newton, Excursion Manager, Buffalo, N. Y. 28-3t

Fourth of July Excursion Rates.

The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Ry., with its customary liberality, will issue excursion tickets between any two stations on its line at rate of a single fare for the round trip, except that no excursion ticket at the reduced rate will be issued for less than 25 cents. Tickets to be sold and good going July 2, 3 and 4, limited for return passage until July 5th, 1898. 2t

Buckwalter Items.

Haying is now our chief industry.

Mr. Norton is shingling his residence.

Mr. Hobson is putting a slate roof on his house.

Buckwalter can boast of having a free mail delivery in the person of Lute Norton.

Sheriff Mundy drove through our burg Friday.

Mrs. T. Taggart visited Mr. and Mrs. Kresge last week.

Birdie Taggart was wheeling on our streets on Friday.

Martin Lawson is clearing up a farm across the railroad.

We are glad to state that C. M. Kresge is improving.

Our farmers claim to have the best potatoes in the county.

John Hogan makes trips quite often to Beechwood. Look out, John.

Mr. Hillard drives to town every night loaded with strawberries and produce.

J.W. Clark went through our place posting bills for the celebration of the Fourth at Emporium.

Rattlesnakes are plenty here, one being killed nearly every day. Postmaster Heath killed one four feet long Friday evening.

Our young people are practicing every night to be able to enter in the foot-races at Emporium on the Fourth. We have a man whocan go 100 yds. in 10 seconds.

Mr. Allen has volunteered to be in Emporium on the 4th, stripped to the waist, and will exhibit to the public 1,000 bees, and show his wonderful hypnotic power over them.

Mr. H. F. Kresge will soon leave for Clearfield, Elk, and McKean counties, where he will introduce a wonderful remedy to remove potato bugs, and will also carry a side line of fertilizer.

Jones' big city shows gives two performances at this place to-day.

A woodsman named Angus McDonald, died at Dan'l Stone's boarding house, last Friday. He was buried on Saturday.

Sinnemahoning News.

Rev. J. F. Anderson, of Williamsport, a former pastor of this charge, is spending a brief vacation here among his host of friends.

C. F. Barclay is having his barn torn down and a new one of a more modern style of architecture built on the rear of his property which will much improve the Captain's already beautiful home.

While out spearing on Saturday night, John Berfield captured a salmon that measured twenty-nine inches in length and weighed over six pounds.

Dr. C. A. Reece, who was many years ago a resident physician of this place, is here visiting his old friends and associates. Of course he exchanged a few words with Joe M. and got some pointers on how to kill bears and manage a political campaign.

An ice cream and fruit festival was held at Locust Grove under the auspices of the Wyside Sunday School and about $20 was the net proceeds which will be used in the purchase of a new library.

F. J. Swartwood who has been the engineer on Barclay Bros.' mill for a number of years has resigned his position and will remove his familiy to Drittwood in the near future.

Munchausen Hall was the scene of a great excitement at the last stated meeting of the Liars Club when the new resolutions were adopted. It was resolved that no more deer hunting lies could be tolerated and no raft runs to Chesepeake Bay on dry land in one day, so Pap Berfield was practically ruled out and made to realize that he had outlived his usefulness as a member. The climax was reached however when it was announced that the same old yarns would not be allowed on more than six consecutive occasions, then Joe M. sadly arose, heaved an ominons sigh. and, as he plugged Belden's ear with a cigar stump and fell over the spittoon, slowly walked out murmering softly to himself: "So that dear old fib must be suppressed; my only stock in trade gone up—well I don't care they can't beat it." John Logue and 'Squire Blodget were very much gratified that the new rules did not prohibit them from catching eels by the tail on a spoon hook, and "Buckey" Shaw and Harve Smith were pleased to know that they might still hunt bee trees by means of a "tracking snow." After electing Ame Bennett to represent the club at the Altoona convention the lights and cats were put out and a committee sent to hunt up George Shaffer. DEWEY WRIGHT.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at L. Taggart's Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle.

The good looking editor of the Marionville Express, who is authority on such matters, says "when a young lady pins a bouquet on the lapel of a young man's coat she usually turns her head to one side and tilts up her chin to look at it. The young man who doesn't tumble is so slow that he would be run over by a hearse."

Fulton & Pearsall.

These up-to-date painters have consolidated their business and may be found at their shop in Parsons' Bazaar. Both are practical painters and will give prompt attention to all work entrusted to them. Estimates furnished for all kinds of house, sign and decorative painting as well as wall papering and frescoing. Especial attention given to out of town orders. 47tf.

Notice to the Public.

The road now being cut through from Salt Run to Bailey Run, we ask the people in the habit of going to Baily Run and going by the Climax Powder Co.'s works, to go via Salt Run, as hereafter no one will be allowed to go through the Climax Powder Company's works.

THE CLIMAX POWDER MFG. CO,
10-tf.

It is Strange

that some people who say they never read patent medicine advertisements will be found lugging home every now and then a bottle of some favorite remedy of theirs. We don't bother you with much reading but just ask you to try a 10c. trial bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin for constipation, indigestion and stomach troubles. 50c. and $1 sizes of L. Taggart. june

Astronomers tell us that in our solar system there are at least 17,000,000 comets of all sizes.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of the Burton House, Burton, W. Va., and oneof the most widely known men in the state was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered, my physicians told me that nothing could be done for me; and myfriends were fully convinced that nothing but death would relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894, Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wheeling Drug Co., recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm, the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured." For sale by L. Taggart. jun

PUBLIC LETTING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Shippen Township School Board will, on Saturday, August 6th, 1898, receive sealed proposals for furnishing wood for the several Shippen township schools, for the approaching school term. Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

B. L. SPENCE, President.

ATTEST:—
GEO. W. VAN WERT, Secretary.
Shippen, Pa., June 25th, 1898.—3t.

We are busy arranging an entire

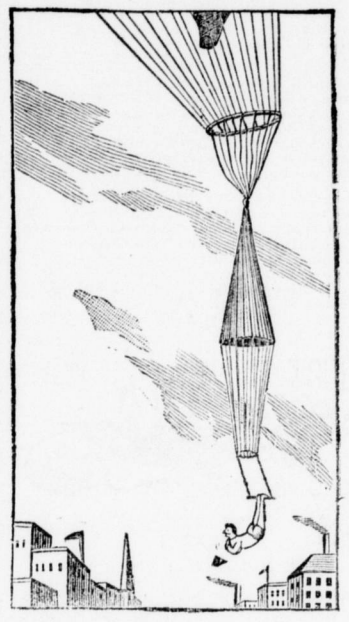
NEW LINE OF GOODS

All Latest Novelties.

R. SEGER & SON.

OLD FASHIONED FOURTH.

GRAND CELEBRATION



BALLOON ASCENSION

AND

PARACHUTE JUMP,

AT EMPORIUM, PA.,

Monday, July 4th, '98

A BIG DAY'S SPORT.

Monster Parade of Civic Societies, Fire Department and G. A. R. Post.

FANTASTIC PARADE,
BASE BALL GAMES,
BICYCLE RACES,
FOOT RACES, ETC.

COME TO EMPORIUM.

HOUSE-KEEPERS ATTENTION!

This is the Brand,
The Miller planned
To be the finest in the land.

Now East and West,
His skill attest,
And Pillsbury's Best leads all the rest.

If the inscription on your sack of flour is like the above, you have the best flour in the world and ought to have the best bread. Better look and see, and if not, go at once to

DAY'S

and procure a sack of

World Famous, Pillsbury's Best.

There are others, but none so good.

J. H. DAY,

23 Fourth St.,
Emporium, Pa.

BERTHA'S COMB.

Dear Bertha's hair is golden spun,
As if unraveled from the sun
In brightest noon, and clinging there,
In Bertha's hair, a tortoise comb,
An olden comb high crowned and spare,
Recalls a dear old-fashioned home—
And Bertha's mother, young again,
Makes me the happiest of men.

Dear Bertha's locks are wayward things,
And flutter like the flossy wings
Of humming-birds around a flower,
And Bertha's words are like a song
I heard long since in young love's bower;
And now a youth, who dallies long
Beside her chair, with gesture neat,
Picks up the comb from near her feet.

Ah well! the wheel of time has whirled,
And Bertha's world is not my world!
But that young man who bends the knee
And lifts the bauble from the floor
In bashful haste—it seems to me—
That I have seen that youth before;
For Bertha's mother's comb, I know,
Enthralled me thirty years ago!
—Chicago Record.

PART I.

CHAPTER II.—CONTINUED.

At last in strode the captain, slammed the door behind him, without looking to the right or left, and marched straight across the room to where his breakfast awaited him.

"Bill," said the stranger, in a voice that I thought he had tried to make bold and big.

The captain spun round on his heel and fronted us; all the brown had gone out of his face, and even his nose was blue; he had the look of a man who sees a ghost, or the evil one, or something worse, if anything can be; and, upon my word, I felt sorry to see him, all in a moment, turn so old and sick.

"Come, Bill, you know me; you know an old shipmate, Bill, surely," said the stranger.

The captain made a sort of gasp.

"Black Dog!" said he.

"And who else?" returned the other, getting more at his ease. "Black Dog as ever was, come for to see his old shipmate, Billy, at the Admiral Benbow Inn. Ah, Bill, Bill, we have seen a sight of times, us two, since I lost them two talons," holding up his mutilated hand.

"Now, look here," said the captain; "you've run me down; here I am; well, then, speak up; what is it?"

"That's you, Billy," returned Black Dog, "you're in the right of it, Billy. I'll have a glass of rum from this dear child here, as I've took such a liking to; and we'll sit down, if you please, and talk square, like old shipmates."

When I returned with the rum, they were already seated on either side of the captain's breakfast-table — Black Dog next to the door, and sitting sideways, so as to have one eye on his old shipmate, and one, as I thought, on his retreat.

He bade me go, and leave the door wide open. "None of your key-holes for me, sonny," he said; and I left them together, and retired into the bar.

For a long time, though I certainly did my best to listen, I could hear nothing but a low gabbling; but at last the voices began to grow higher, and I could pick up a word or two, mostly oaths, from the captain.

"No, no, no, no; and an end of it!" he cried once. And again: "If it comes to swinging, swing all, say I."

Then all of a sudden there was a tremendous explosion of oaths and other noises—the chair and table went over in a lump, a clash of steel followed, and then a cry of pain, and the next instant I saw Black Dog in full flight, and the captain hotly pursuing, both with drawn cutlasses, and the former streaming blood from the left shoulder. Just at the door, the captain aimed at the fugitive one last tremendous cut, which would certainly have split him to the chin had it not been intercepted by our big signboard of Admiral Benbow. You may see the notch on the lower side of the frame to this day.

That blow was the last of the battle. Once out upon the road, Black Dog, in spite of his wound, showed a wonderful clean pair of heels, and disappeared over the edge of the hill in half a minute. The captain, for his part, stood staring at the signboard like a bewildered man. Then he passed his hand over his eyes several times, and at last turned back into the house.

"Jim," says he, "rum;" and, as he spoke, he reeled a little, and caught himself with one hand against the wall.

"Are you hurt?" cried I.

"Rum," he repeated. "I must get away from here. Rum! rum!"

I ran to fetch it; but I was quite unsteadied by all that had fallen out, and I broke one glass and fouled the tap, and while I was still getting in my own way, I heard a loud fall in the parlor, and, running in, beheld the captain lying full length upon the floor. At the same instant my mother, alarmed by the cries and fighting, came running downstairs to help me. Between us we raised his head. He was breathing very loud and hard; but his eyes were closed, and his face a horrible color.

"Dear, deary me," cried my mother, "what a disgrace upon the house! And your poor father sick!"

In the meantime, we had no idea what to do to help the captain, nor any other thought but that he had got his death-hurt in the scuffle with the stranger. I got the rum, to be sure, and tried to put it down his throat; but his teeth were tightly shut, and his jaws as strong as iron. It was a happy relief for us when the door opened and Dr. Livesey came in, on his visit to my father.

"Oh, doctor," we cried, "what shall we do? Where is he wounded?"

"Wounded? A fiddlestick's end!" said the doctor. "No more wounded than you or I. The man has had a stroke, as I warned him. Now, Mrs. Hawkins, just you run upstairs to your husband, and tell him, if possible, nothing about it. For my part, I must do my best to save this fellow's trebly worthless life; and Jim here will get me a basin."

When I got back with the basin, the doctor had already ripped up the captain's sleeve, and exposed his great sinewy arm. It was tattooed in several places. "Here's luck," "A fair wind," and "Billy Bones his fancy," were very neatly and clearly executed on the forearm; and up near the shoulder there was a sketch of a gallows and a man hanging from it—done, as I thought, with great spirit.

"Prophetic," said the doctor, touching this picture with his finger. "And now, Master Billy Bones, if that be your name, we'll have a look at the color of your blood. Jim," he said, "are you afraid of blood?"

"No, sir," said I.

"Well, then," said he, "you hold the basin;" and with that he took his lancet and opened a vein.

A great deal of blood was taken before the captain opened his eyes and looked mistily about him. First he recognized the doctor with an unmistakable frown; then his glance fell upon me, and he looked relieved. But suddenly his color changed, and he tried to raise himself, crying:

"Where's Black Dog?"

"There is no Black Dog here," said the doctor, "except what you have on your own back. You have been drinking rum; you have had a stroke, precisely as I told you; and I have just, very much against my own will, dragged you headforemost out of the grave. Now, Mr. Bones—"

"That's not my name," he interrupted.

"Much I care," returned the doctor. "It's the name of a buccaneer of my acquaintance; and I call you by it for the sake of shortness, and what I have to say to you is this: one glass of rum won't kill you, but if you take one you'll take another and another, and I stake my wig if you don't break off short, you'll die—do you understand that?—die, and go to your own place, like the man in the Bible. Come, now, make an effort. I'll help you to your bed for once."

Between us, with much trouble, we managed to hoist him upstairs, and laid him on his bed, where his head fell back on the pillow, as if he were almost fainting.

"Now, mind you," said the doctor, "I clear my conscience—the name of rum for you is death."

And with that he went off to see my father, taking me with him by the arm.

"This is nothing," he said, as soon as he had closed the door. "I have drawn blood enough to keep him quiet awhile; he should lie for a week where he is—that is the best thing for him and you; but another stroke would settle him."

CHAPTER III.

THE BLACK SPOT.

About noon I stopped at the captain's door with some cooling drinks and medicines. He was lying very much as we had left him, only a little higher, and he seemed both weak and excited.

"Jim," he said, "you're the only one here that's worth anything; and you know I've been always good to you. Never a month but I've given you a silver fourpenny for yourself. And now you see, mate, I'm pretty low, and deserted by all; and Jim, you'll bring me one noggin of rum, now won't you, matey?"

"The doctor—" I began.

But he broke in cursing the doctor, in a feeble voice, but heartily. "Doctors is all swabs," he said; "and that doctor there, why, what do he know about seafaring men? I been in places hot as pitch, and mates dropping round with Yellow Jack, and the blessed land a-heaving like the sea with earthquakes—what do the doctors know of lands like that? and I lived on rum, I tell you. It's been meat and drink, and man and wife, to me; and if I'm not to have my rum now I'm a poor old hulk on a lee shore, my blood'll be on you, Jim, and that doctor swab;" and he ran on again for awhile with curses. "Look, Jim, how my fingers fidges," he continued, in the pleading tone. "I can't keep 'em still, not I. I haven't had a drop this blessed day. That doctor's a fool, I tell you. If I don't have a drain o' rum, Jim, I'll have the horrors; I seen some on 'em already. I seen old Flint in the corner there, behind you; as plain as print, I seen him; and if I get the horrors, I'm a man that has lived rough, and I'll raise Cain. Your doctor hisself said one glass wouldn't hurt me. I'll give you a golden guinea for a noggin, Jim."

He was growing more and more excited, and this alarmed me, for my father was very low that day, and needed quiet; besides, I was reassured by the doctor's words, now quoted to me, and rather offended by the offer of a bribe.

"I want none of your money," said I, "but what you owe my father. I'll get you one glass, and no more."

When I brought it to him, he seized it greedily, and drank it out.

"Ay, ay," said he, "that's some better, sure enough. And now, matey, did that doctor say how long I was to lie here in this old berth?"

"A week at least," said I.

"Thunder!" he cried. "A week! I can't do that; they'd have a black spot on me by then. The lubbers is going about to get the wind of me this blessed moment; lubbers as couldn't keep what they got, and want to nail what is another's. Is that seamanly behavior, now, I want to know? But I'm a saving soul. I never wasted good money of mine, nor lost it, neither; and I'll trick 'em again. I'm not afraid on 'em. I'll shake out another reef, matey, and daddle 'em again."

As he was thus speaking he had risen from bed with great difficulty, holding to my shoulder with a grip that almost made me cry, and moving his legs like so much dead weight. His words, spirited as they were in meaning, contrasted sadly with the weakness of the voice in which they were uttered. He paused when he had got into a sitting position on the edge.

"That doctor's done me," he murmured. "My ears is singing. Lay me back."

Before I could do much to help him he had fallen back again to his former place, where he lay for awhile silent.

"Jim," he said, at length, "you saw that seafaring man to-day?"

"Black Dog?" I asked.

"Ah! Black Dog," says he. "He's a bad 'un; but there's worse that put him on. Now, if I can't get away nohow, and they tip me the black spot, mind you, it's my old sea-chest they're after. You get on a horse—you can, can't you? Well, then you get on a horse, and go to—well, yes, I will!—to that eternal doctor swab, and tell him to pipe all hands—magistrates and sich—and he'll lay 'em aboard at the Admiral Benbow—all old Flint's crew, man and boy, all on 'em that's left. I was first mate, I was, old Flint's first mate, and I'm the on'y one as knows the place. He gave it me to Savannah, when he lay a-dying, like as if I was to now, you see. But you won't peach unless they get the black spot on me, or unless you see that Black Dog again, or a seafaring man with one leg, Jim—him above all."

"But what is the black spot, captain?" I asked.

"That's a summons, mate. I'll tell you if they get that. But you keep your weather-eye open, Jim, and I'll share with you equals, upon my honor."

He wandered a little longer, his voice growing weaker; but soon after I had given him his medicine, which he took like a child, with the remark, "if ever a seaman wanted drugs, it's me," he fell at last into a heavy, swoon-like sleep in which I left him. What I should have done had all gone well I do not know. Probably I should have told the whole story to the doctor; for I was in mortal fear lest the captain should repent of his confessions and make an end of me. But as things fell out, my poor father died quite suddenly that evening, which put all other matters on one side. Our natural distress, the visits of the neighbors, the arranging of the funeral, and all the work of the inn to be carried on in the meanwhile, kept me so busy that I had scarcely time to think of the captain, far less to be afraid of him.

He got downstairs next morning, to be sure, and had his meals as usual, though he eat little, and had more. I am afraid, than his usual supply of rum, for he helped himself out of the bar, scowling and blowing through his nose, and no one dared to cross him. On the night before the funeral he was as drunk as ever; and it was shocking, in that house of mourning, to hear him singing away his ugly old sea-song; but, weak as he was, we were all in fear of death for him, and the doctor was suddenly taken up with a case many miles away, and was never near the house after my father's death. I have said the captain was weak; and indeed he seemed rather to grow weaker than regain his strength. He clambered up

"That doctor done me," he murmured.

and downstairs, and went from the parlor to the bar and back again, and sometimes put his nose out-of-doors to smell the sea, holding on to the walls as he went for support, and breathing hard and fast like a man on a steep mountain. He never particularly addressed me, and it is my belief he had as good as forgotten his confidences; but his temper was more flighty, and, allowing for his bodily weakness, more violent than ever. He had an alarming way now when he was drunk of drawing his cutlass and laying it bare before him on the table. But, with all that, he minded people less, and seemed shut up in his own thoughts and rather wandering. Once, for instance, to our extreme wonder, he piped up to a different air, a kind of country love-song, that he must have learned in his youth before he had begun to follow the sea.

So things passed until, the day after the funeral, and about three o'clock of a bitter, foggy, frosty afternoon, I was standing at the door for a moment, full of sad thoughts about my father, when I saw some one drawing slowly near along the road. He was plainly blind, for he tapped before him with a stick, and wore a great green shade over his eyes and nose; and he was hunched, as if with age or weakness, and wore a huge old tattered sea-cloak with a hood that made him appear positively deformed. I never saw in my life a more dreadful-looking figure. He stopped a little from the inn, and raising his voice in an odd sing-song, addressed the air in front of him:

"Will any kind friend inform a poor blind man, who has lost the precious sight of his eyes in the gracious defense of his native country, England, and God bless King George!—where or in what part of this country he may now be?"

"You are at the Admiral Benbow, Black Hill Cove, my good man," said I.

"I hear a voice," said he, "a young voice. Will you give me your hand, my kind young friend, and lead me in?"

I held out my hand, and the horrible, soft-spoken, eyeless creature gripped it in a moment like a vise. I was so much startled that I struggled to withdraw; but the blind man pulled me close up to him with a single action of his arm.

"Now, boy," he said, "take me in to the captain."

"Sir," said I, "upon my word I dare not."

"Oh," he sneered, "that's it! Take me in straight, or I'll break your arm."

He gave it, as he spoke, a wrench that made me cry out.

"Sir," said I, "it is for yourself I mean. The captain is not what he used to be. He sits with a drawn cutlass. Another gentleman—"

"Come, now, march," interrupted he; and I never heard a voice so cruel, and cold, and ugly as that blind man's. It cowed me more than the pain; and I began to obey him at once, walking straight in at the door and toward the parlor, where the sick old buccaneer was sitting, dazed with rum. The blind man clung close to me, holding me in with one iron fist, and leaning almost more of his weight on me than I could carry. "Lead me straight up to him, and when I'm in full view cry out: 'Here's a friend for you, Bill.' If you don't, I'll do this;' and with that he gave me a twitch that I thought would have made me faint. Between this and that, I was so utterly terrified by the blind beggar that I forgot my terror of the captain, and, as I opened the parlor door, cried out the words he had ordered in a trembling voice.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

The Farmer Was Fixed for Him.

A well-to-do Georgia farmer invited a merchant friend to dine with him. The merchant was known for his crankiness and had once or twice tried to shoot people for imagined wrongs. The farmer had considerable business dealings with him, and they were on the best of terms. However, the farmer always kept a wary eye on him. Several days after the dinner at the farmer's house the merchant said to him: "I can't account for the queer feelings and impulses I have occasionally. For instance, the other day when I was dining at your table it suddenly came into my mind to kill you. I had a pistol in my pocket at the time, and once I had my hand on it, when the strange feeling passed from me!"

"Don't let that bother you," said the farmer. "I knowed all about your failin's in that line, an' I wuzn't asleep when I saw your hand to your hip. My son John wuz standin' in the hallway back of you with a shotgun leveled at you an' you jist did save your bacon by changin' your mind. Ef you hadn't he'd er blowed daylight through you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

He Had Tried It.

"It is very sad, I admit," conceded the African chief, "but after living on a meat diet for all these years you can hardly expect me to become a vegetarian."

"Then," said the pale-faced missionary, his teeth chattering like a grove of magpies, "if you m-must eat hu-human flesh, w-why not—er—utilize some of your own race, instead of confining yourself to—to Europeans?"

"That is exactly what your predecessors wished to know," replied the chief, "but I have frequently tried the experiment when missionaries were out of season."

"Didn't—it—succeed?"

"No. I found that a diet of natives invariably gave me that dark-brown taste."—N. Y. Journal.

Class in Philosophy.

"If a man refuses a bribe it is not always an indication that he is honest. Give an example."

"Give the price."

"What is fame?"

"Having your statue put in the park and leaving a fund to pay guides to tell your name and what you did."

"In the fable of the Turtle and the Hare, what is the moral?"

"That the turtle knows how to catch on."

"Why should the Irish be good golf players?"

"'Cause they're fond of wearing of the green."—N. Y. Truth.

A Domestic Interlude.

Marriageable Daughter—I think, pa, that you do Arthur injustice when you say that he is penurious.

Precocious Brother—What's penoorious, pa?

Pa—Why, Bobbie, penurious is close.

Precocious Brother—Then you're right, pa. Mr. Penrose is awful penoorious whenever he comes to see Sis.—Boston Courier.

A Matter of Colors.

"Sister Millie wants to know if you won't let us take your big awning? She's going to give a porch party tomorrow night and wants to have it on the piazzer."

"Wants my awning?"

"Yep. She would have borrowed the Joneses', but theirs is blue, you know, and Millie's hair is red."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Permanent Relief.

"I don't believe a patent medicine ever did anybody any good."

"I do."

"Whom?"

"Well, there's Stringers; he got cured of one of the worst cases of financial stringency I ever saw."—Chicago Journal.

Enough Said.

"That will do," said Balaam. "You've talked enough."

"Yes," retorted the ass, "I've talked enough to hand you down to immortality."

And the patient animal never spoke again.—Chicago Tribune.

How He Did It.

"The doctor put my husband on his feet in a week," she explained. "It was no trouble at all. The bill he presented lifted him out of bed."—Chicago Post.

The great artist Michael Angelo was as famous an architect or designer as he was a painter. He designed the church of St. Peter at Rome, which is built in the form of a Latin cross. He also designed another church in Rome, and, besides these, planned a number of famous structures.

EIGHT BIG SHIPS.

War Department Buys Them for Carrying Troops.

COST WAS FOUR MILLIONS

Are Likely to be Used for Porto Rican Expedition.

MARKS A NEW DEPARTURE.

Heretofore the War Department Has Chartered the Steamers It Needed, Instead of Buying—No Vessels are to be Seized on the Atlantic Coast.

Washington, June 25.—An important addition to the war department's list of vessels available for transport and freight service was announced Friday. This was the purchase of eight large ships of over 3,600 tons burden each, for use on the Atlantic coast. Seven of the eight to be used on the Atlantic coast were obtained from the Atlantic transport line, which operates its steamers from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore to London. Heretofore the practice of the war department has been to charter all the vessels which it has used, and the announcement of the acquisition of the ships by purchase is a new departure in the policy of the government, due, it is believed, to the fact that the owners and agents of the companies have asked such high prices.

It was authoritatively stated yesterday that impressment of ships on the Atlantic coast would not be resorted to, but such as were desired would be obtained in some other way. The purchase price of the ships secured from the Atlantic transport line was not stated at the department, but it is understood that the amount was nearly $4,000,000. All the vessels of this line are to be delivered to the government at New York. Owing to their large capacity for carrying passengers and supplies, they constitute a formidable addition to the fleet of 41 ships already under charter by the government for transport uses on the Atlantic coast. This last acquisition is presumed to be a forward step in the arrangements for the Porto Rican expedition.

Added to the dozen ships already available for this expedition, the eight vessels make up a fleet that will transport an army as large as that which Gen. Shafter took with him. Nine of the transports heretofore chartered by the government are at Tampa and two are on their way there from New York, while one remains at the latter city. It may be that some of those at Tampa and now on their way to that city will be utilized for transporting some of the reinforcements for Shafter's army, as there are a large number of soldiers at Tampa, as well as a great quantity of supplies.

Dun's Business Bulletin.

New York, June 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Very little of the new business seen in proportion to the aggregate has been caused by the war. None has been prevented by the war. Neither has the collapse of the wheat speculation caused the expected decrease of shipments, for exports continue remarkably large. Gold comes or does not come as we want it, the world's markets being evidently at our command. An offering of bonds by the government brings out at the start bids for more than three times the amount offered, while the popular subscription already for three-quarters of the amount exhibits the confidence of the people.

Troop Train Wrecked.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 25.—As the second section of the Burlington train carrying the Torrey cowboy regiment from Fort F. A. Russell to Jacksonville, Fla., was pulling into the St. Joseph union station yesterday the engine jumped the track and, after plunging through the earth for 30 feet, toppled over on its side. Engineer John W. Fuller, of this city, who remained at his post, was caught beneath the tender and killed. Fireman George Christman, who also lives here, was fatally scalded. Three cars of horses were also derailed, but not one of the animals was scratched.

Killed by a Spanish Shell.

Playa Del Este, Guantanamo Bay, June 25.—While shelling the batteries of Santiago de Cuba the battleship Texas was struck by a six-inch shell which passed through her port side, killing F. O. Blakeley, an apprentice, and wounding eight others. The Texas, with a number of transports, was making a feint west of the entrance of Santiago harbor and was shelling the woods. Blakeley was buried at sea. Four of the eight who were wounded have been placed on the hospital ship Solace. The Texas was not seriously damaged.

Stephens Adds to His Confession.

Easton, Pa., June 25.—George H. Stephens, the former Lafayette college professor and self-confessed fire fiend, yesterday confessed that he had a basket of paper under the pulpit in the college chapel and it was his intention to destroy South college with a fire he had planned to start in this basket. He also admitted having taken valuable books from the library before the Pardee hall fire.

Hobson's Men are in Santiago.

Washington, June 25.—The navy department received the following cablegram yesterday from Admiral Sampson: "From a flag of truce I learn that Lieut. Hobson and his companions are all well. They are confined in the city of Santiago, four miles from Morro."

The Beginning of the End.

London, June 25.—The Madrid correspondent of the Telegraph says: When the cortes closed yesterday martial law was proclaimed. The Sagasta cabinet will resign and make way for a new government which will open negotiations for peace.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Howler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUGHE, President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE

—IN—

EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, GINS AND WINES,

BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.

Choice line of

Bottled Goods.

In addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. Will

CALL AND SEE ME.

A. A. McDONALD,

PROPRIETOR, EMPORIUM, PA.

F. X. BLUMLE,

EMPORIUM, PA.

Bottler of and Dealer in

BEER,

WINES,

WHISKIES,

And Liquors of All Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Especial Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

EMPORIUM, PA.

GO TO

J. A. Kinsler's,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.,

Where you can get anything you want in the line of

Groceries, Provisions,

FLOUR, SALT MEATS, SMOKED MEATS,

CANNED GOODS, ETC.,

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any Place in Town.

CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.

NEAR P. & E. DEPOT

EMPORIUM

Bottling Works,

JOHN McDONALD, Proprietor.

Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Shipper of

Rochester Lager Beer,

BEST BRANDS OF EXPORT.

The Manufacturer of Soft Drinks and Dealer in Choice Wines and Pure Liquors.

We keep none but the very best Beer and are prepared to fill Orders on short notice. Private families served daily if desired.

JOHN McDONALD.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

O. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO AT THE NEW YORK OFFICE OF A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

A FATALITY AVOIDED.

From the Democrat, Goshen, Ind.

When neuralgia is accompanied by a dull, heavy pain near the heart, frequently becoming intense, it generally terminates fatally. Mrs. Nancy Flynn, who lives near Goshen, Indiana, survived such an attack and her advice is worth heeding.

"In the fall of '92," she said, "I began to have trouble with my heart. There was a sharp pain in my breast which became rapidly worse. The doctor was puzzled and put me under the influence of opiates. These sharp attacks followed one another at intervals and I became weak and had a haggard look. I was constantly in pain, seldom slept and had no appetite.

"At the end of two years I was confined to my couch most of the time and the doctors agreed that my death was only a matter of a short time.

A Serious Time.

"One day I noticed in a newspaper an item about a woman having been cured of neuralgia of the heart by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I concluded to try them.

"When I had finished one box I noticed an improvement in my condition, and when I had taken twelve boxes I was completely cured. 'Those pills have done for you what we could not do,' said one of my physicians, 'they have saved your life.'

"That was two years ago and my heart has not troubled me since. I believe I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I take pleasure in telling others about them."

Among the many forms of neuralgia are headache, nervousness, paralysis, apoplexy and locomotor ataxia. Some of these were considered incurable until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were formulated. To-day thousands testify to having been cured of such diseases by these pills.

Doctors frequently prescribe them and all druggists sell them.

The Genuine Thing.

Sturgis had been visiting without any other member of the family. The evening after his return his little sister asked him if he had said his prayers every night. "No, not once," replied Sturgis; "I had a really-truly vacation."—Judge.

HALF FARE.

Washington, D. C., and Return.

On July 3d to 6th, tickets will be sold from all points to Washington, D. C., and return via the Chesapeake and Ohio Ry at one fare, plus $2.00, on account of the meeting of the National Educational Ass'n. Tickets will be good until July 15 returning and may be extended to August 31st. This is the best opportunity you will have to visit the famous Mountain and Sea shore resorts of the East, also Old Point Comfort and Hampton Roads, the rendezvous of the North Atlantic Squadron.

For particulars and sleeping car reservations apply to U. L. Truitt, Nor. West. Pass'r Agent, 234 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

The young woman who posseses a million certainly has a good figure.—Chicago Daily News.

Blood-Cleaning.

House-cleaning is a duty in every well-regulated household. People don't wait until the filth becomes painfully apparent, but it stands to reason that in every day use more or less dust or dirt accumulate. It is so with the human blood. From the enormous variety of eatables taken into the stomach, a quantity of useless material is bound to accumulate in the blood and clog the free and wholesome flow in the vessels. Every person should from time to time have a "blood-cleaning" and the best cleanser and blood purifier is Cascarets Candy Cathartic. We recommend them to all our readers.

Trouble is a visitor that walks in without knocking, for it is pretty well acquainted everywhere.—Denver Times-Sun.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to-day*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A boy arrives at the age when he takes his hat off at the door as naturally as he takes the measles.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

The New York Ledger is now successfully sold by Bright Boys and Girls, who thus earn many valuable premiums. Two cents profit on each copy sold. No money required in advance. Send name and address for complete outfit, including Premium List, to Robert Bonner's Sons, Ledger Building, N. Y. City.

Efery faller es lookin' for soft snap and efery soft snap seem to be dodgin' lak deckens.—Denver Times-Sun.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Boarding house vegetables all taste alike—of water and salt.—Atchison Globe.

The parent who uses only moral suasion with his children never has to strike them except in case of self-defense.—Chicago Daily News.

The man who can extract oil from cotton seed should be able to gather figs from thistles.—Chicago Daily News.

Real Modesty.—Dribbler—"In my opinion a man who writes an illegible hand does it because he thinks people are willing to puzzle over it. In other words, he is a chunk of conceit." Scribbler—"Not always. Sometimes a man writes illegibly, not because he is conceited, but because he is modest." Dribbler—"Modest? What about?" Scribbler—"About his spelling."—Boston Traveler.

"Many a man," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "thinks he is working like a horse for his party, only to find later that he has merely been making an ass of himself."—Indianapolis Journal.

Inspiration.—"Sir!" said the mate, touching his hat, "the bottoms of our ships are covered with grass." "Hey?" said the Spanish admiral, rousing himself with an effort. "Then we will run into the harbor of Santiago de Cuba and feed the mules." Subsequently he sent a dispatch to Madrid to the effect that he had succeeded in revictualing the island.—Chicago Tribune.

"That," exclaimed the Spanish general, as he mopped the perspiration from his brow, "is one of the narrowest escapes I have had for some time." "What is the matter?" inquired his aid. "See this typewritten page? I said in dictation that I was 'seeking light' and the amanuensis got it 'seeking fight!'"—Indianapolis Journal.

We are inclined to feel proud of any revolutionary blood we may be able to trace in our veins, but it is somewhat depressing to find that our ancestors fought on the wrong side.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

"Now, prisoner, this lady states that you tried to run off with her. What have you to say?" "Yer wuship, I thought she was a freak, and I was going to take her to the museum. I didn't want her."—Pick-Me-Up.

DUSTING FURNITURE.

Feather Dusters Should Not Be Used, Because There Are Other and Far Better Ways.

Dust is always a grief of mind to the careful housewife, who, like the virtuous woman of holy writ, looketh well to the ways of her household.

It hath all seasons for its own, and the only way to conquer it is to pursue it steadily. A feather duster is an abomination except for the tops of pictures, etc., since it only stirs up the dust from one spot in order to allow it to settle on another, while wiping with a damp cloth, which in any but judicious hands is apt to be a wet one, is too apt to smear the furniture. All furniture should be dusted regularly, with due regard to the corners, where most of the dust accumulates.

The best thing for carved furniture is a soft, thick paint brush, which will get into all the interstices of the pattern. When these are clogged take another brush, wet with kerosene oil, to clean them out. After using the oil rub dry with a soft cloth. Flannelette makes the best dust clothes, and squares of it are now sold ready hemmed for the purpose in our large stores.

For highly-polished surfaces use chamois skin. And be sure to keep your chamois clean. It can be washed with very little trouble, only be sure to hang it up carefully to dry, wringing well, and then pulling into shape. The bamboo beater is the best thing for rugs and portieres, but it is useless to beat upholstered furniture. A stiff whisk should be used, and all crevices should be well brushed out and the lint and dust brushed off after this is done. It is wonderful how much dust a tufted chair can hold—no wonder maid and mistress alike wonder where the dust comes from, for summer, winter, whether it blows in at the open window or sifts up through furnace flues; like the grass of the poem, it comes "creeping everywhere," and finds a lodgement in every inch of space exposed.

Now that bookcases with glass doors are no longer fashionable, books are usually open to the dust, and need systematic and careful attention to preserve them from damage. They should be taken from the shelves at least once or twice a month, and wiped with a soft, dry cloth, which should be shaken out of the window repeatedly during the work of dusting. Remember always that in brushing dust from an object you scatter it, but wiping it off with a cloth you gather it up and remove it altogether.—Chicago Times-Herald.

His Duty.

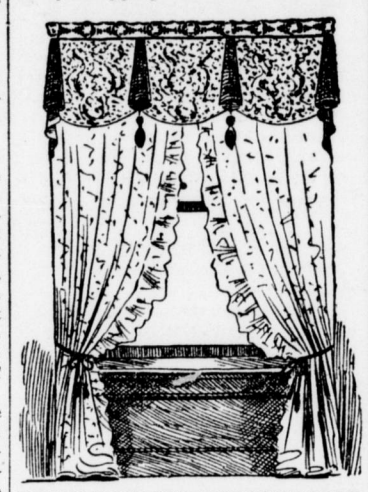
"My wife flirts outrageously, but I suppose I ought not to see her."

"My dear fellow, you ought to see her and go her one better."—Detroit Journal.

WALLPAPER DRAPERY.

Vallances and Lambrequins for Windows and Doors Can Be Made of Remnants.

A novel and decorative use for the surplus paper remaining after the walls are finished is making vallances and lambrequins for the windows and doors of a room. A recently completed suite of rooms shows examples of this idea in styles appropriate to the decorative features of each apartment; no poles are used, and the continued line of wall pattern across the window and door openings is singularly appropriate and effective.



WALLPAPER POMPADOUR DRAPERY.

The practical part of the work is simple enough. The wall paper is pasted to cheesecloth or sheeting, and cut out to the desired shape, the trimming being fluting or ruching of the same stuff, with pipes or jabots at discretion. The cornices of light pine are covered with cloth-lined paper, and are given a touch of ornamentation by the use of ruching similar to that trimming the vallances. Long curtains of Singapore lattice, Calcutta net or colonial muslin are hung on light rods inside the cornices, and may be drawn aside without interfering with the draped effect. These window and door headings are easily kept clean, and may remain in place when the lower curtains or portieres are removed for the summer.

Why the ingenious idea has not occurred to anyone before, in view of the recurring difficulty of obtaining fabrics which go with wall papers, is a matter to be wondered at, but its simplicity and appropriateness are sure to make it popular, now that it has been discovered and put in practicable shape.—N. Y. Tribune.

Tenement House Humor.

Jimmy—Say, pa, there won't be no more plaster falling on the hallway ceiling.

Pa—Why, Jimmy?

Jimmy—'Cause there ain't no more left.—N. Y. Journal.

Appropriate.

"What do you call the cat?"

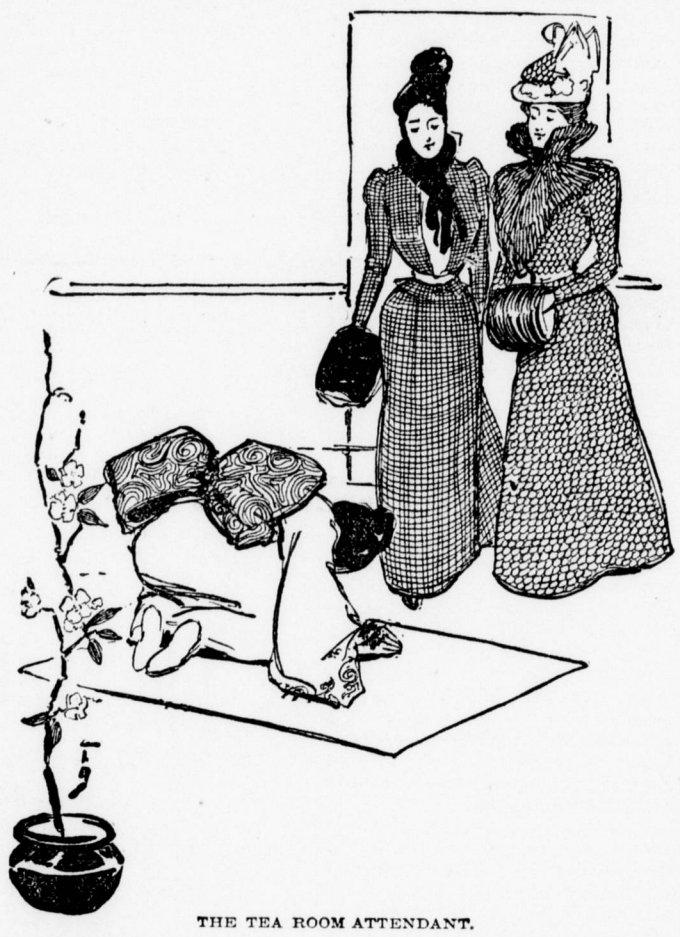
"Boomerang. We've fired her a dozen times, but she always comes back."—Puck.

JAPANESE TEA ROOM IN NEW YORK.

How a Wealthy Woman Resident of the Metropolis Carried Out One of Her Eccentric Fancies.

A fashionable New York woman has the eccentric, though pretty, fancy for a "Tea Room of All Nations." This week it is a Japanese tearoom; last week it was a Russian tearoom. By a few simple devices she changes the room from one nationality to another, and so imparts to it an ever-varying aspect.

This week the woman whose tearoom is the bay window has pots of artificial Japanese plants set upon the shelves around the window, and upon the floor, which is covered with matting. A rug of matting lies at the entrance. As the guests enter the room they are greeted by a little serving maid in native costume, who prostrates herself to the floor and bids them enter. This they greatly enjoy and their approach to the room is begun with laughter and pleasantry—a happy beginning for an afternoon call.



THE TEA ROOM ATTENDANT.

The dress of the little maid is in bright Japanese silk, with an immense sash of oriental silk. She wears her hair in Japanese style with pins stuck in it. It might be mentioned that the little maid has never been to Japan, and that she enters into the spirit of the little afternoon play with enough heartiness to make it a success. She brings in the tea and later bids the guests adieu with native courtesy.

HELEN GREY-PAGE.

TRAINING THE GRAPES.

The Hudson Horizontal System Described and Explained by Prof. E. G. Lodeman.

This typical form of horizontal grape training may be found in a number of vineyards situated near the Hudson river. The stem of the vine is about 15 inches high. From its upper part a cane is carried to the top of the trellis, and then it is bent toward one side and tied to the top wire of the trellis. It is made long in order that the plant may be supplied with a proper number of buds. The trellis carries only two wires, the lowest being about two and one-half feet from the ground, the top one about three feet above the first. These wires are not designed to bear directly the weight of the vines, but slats are fastened to them, and these slats support much of the weight of the fruit and foliage. One slat, a lath, is placed on each side of the vine and about a foot from it. The lath is stapled so that only a few inches project below the lower vine, while about a foot extends above the upper. As the shoots in early summer become long enough to allow of their being tied to these upright slats, they are so fastened as to be held in practically a horizontal position. Frequently two more slats are used, one being placed about 12 inches from each of those at first put on; eventually the shoots are also tied to these; such upright pieces should be considered as forming an integral part of the trellis. They are firmly stapled to the wire, and remain there until they decay or become broken.

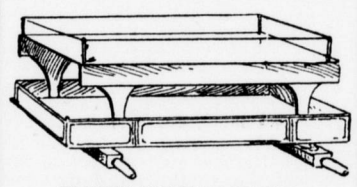
Modifications of this system are found both in American and European vineyards. In the Hudson river valley the vertical slats are sometimes absent, but two or three extra wires on the trellis answer the same purpose. As the shoots from the upright cane develop they cling to the wires without the aid of summer tying, or at most but very little of this work is done. The shoots in consequence do not assume a perfectly horizontal position, but they ascend at an angle of about 45 degrees. The bearing portion of the vine is renewed each year. In several of the large vineyards of the Midoc, near Bordeaux, France, a system is found that is similar, in many respects, to the Hudson system. The one essential difference is that the upright cane is there permanent, and it forms a vertical arm, or cordon, which is spurred from each side, the spurs being kept as short as possible.

The shoots which annually grow from these spurs are fastened horizontally to the wires of the trellis, the number of wires varying from four to six or more, as the vigor of the plants may require; the distance between the wires is from 12 to 15 inches. This system is equivalent to a vertical cordon, a form which is commonly used on walls and in certain greenhouses. It has also been termed an "upright stock with alternate spurs," the description of the system being fairly well included in the name.

WAGON PLANT STAND.

Just the Thing for Gardeners Engaged Peddling Plants, Flowers and Early Vegetables.

In spring money is made in many sections of the country by peddling plants, flowers and early vegetables. A style that is in common use in Massachusetts is a double-decked wagon made as illustrated. Any ordinary express or business wagon may be used, but a wagon with springs is preferable. Make a platform and fasten four legs securely so the platform will stand at least 12 to 15 inches above the body of the wagon. The platform legs should fit inside the body of the wagon. Above the platform corner stakes may be nailed and a strong wire stretched around. Some prefer to nail boards rather than use wire. Small plants, such as violets, small seedlings, cabbage, tomatoes, etc., can be packed under the platform, while flowering plants in the pots set in flats or trays can be packed on the platform. As the driver calls out the good farmer wife, the temptation to buy from the mass of beautiful spring bloomers is hard to resist.—Albert Rising, in Farm and Home.



WAGON FLOWER TRUCK.

Evaporation and Drying.

The Virginia station has reported experiments on various means of utilizing low-grade apples which, it is estimated, constitute 40 per cent. of the annual crop in that state. Considerable quantities of this fruit are at present sun dried, but it is believed that the use of evaporating apparatus would be much more economical. The cost of manufacture in either case is about three cents per pound of finished product. The evaporated fruit as a rule sells for about six cents per pound and the dried for only 2½ cents. The amount of evaporated fruit per bushel of apples was found to be about 6.6 pounds.

Nearly Always the Case.

The better the roads the more prosperous the people who come to make their homes beside them.

Can Our Coast Be Effectually Blockaded?

If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers in high places at the seat of government, such is the vast extent of our sea coast to blockade it effectually, even if our navy and sea coast defences could offer no adequate resistance, seems to be impossible. When a blockade of the bowels exists, relieve constipation with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which conquers dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

Its Rarity.

Mrs. Wicks—Why is old china so valuable?

Mrs. Ricks—On account of its rarity.

"But I don't see why it should be so very rare?"

"Well, with my experience of servants, I must confess that a piece of china that lasts a month is a wonder to me."—Harper's Bazar.

Many People Cannot Drink

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer today. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c.

Multiplying Chances.

Jeweler—That's the seventh engagement ring I've sold you this week.

Customer—Yes; our regiment goes south next Sunday, and I want to be sure of a wife when my two years are up.—Jewelers' Weekly.

Of Interest to Home-Seekers.

To those desirous of owning a farm home, and seeking by industry and thrift to attain an independent condition in life, no better chance is afforded than the fertile farming lands, at low prices and reasonable terms, situated along the line of the Chicago & North-Western R'y, in western Minnesota and South Dakota.

This locality is forging to the front and yearly gaining immense wealth from its fine crops, dairy interests and stock raising.

For further information regarding Home-seekers' rates, etc., please apply to W. B. Kniskern, G. P. and T. A., 22 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

A Child's Understanding.

Teacher—Now that you have taken part in the Memorial day exercises, can you tell me what the especial significance of this day is—why we keep it as we do?

Tommy Jones—We have Memorial day so the boys can have their road races and the magnates can work in two ball games.—Chicago Evening News.

Receipt—(cut it out).—To make 50 cents' worth of the finest liquid washing blue. To one quart of water boiled five minutes add a five-cent stick of Lace Indigo and allow it to dissolve; it is then ready for use, and will keep any length of time. If your grocer will not get Lace Indigo for you, send 5 cents for return postage to Diamond, McDonnell & Co., Philadelphia—they will send it to you.

They say everything is of use. Of what use is the mosquito? And of what use is the mosquito bar when the mosquito wants to get at you?—Atchison Globe.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. Hardy, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

THE ILLS OF WOMEN

And How Mrs. Pinkham Helps Overcome Them.

Mrs. MARY BOLLINGER, 1101 Marianna St., Chicago, Ill., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I have been troubled for the past two years with falling of the womb, leucorrhœa, pains over my body, sick headaches, backache, nervousness and weakness. I tried doctors and various remedies without relief. After taking two bottles of your Vegetable Compound, the relief I obtained was truly wonderful. I have now taken several more bottles of your famous medicine, and can say that I am entirely cured."

Mrs. HENRY DORR, No. 806 Findley St., Cincinnati, Ohio, to Mrs. Pinkham:

"For a long time I suffered with chronic inflammation of the womb, pain in abdomen and bearing-down feeling. Was very nervous at times, and so weak I was hardly able to do anything. Was subject to headaches, also troubled with leucorrhœa. After doctoring for many months with different physicians, and getting no relief, I had given up all hope of being well again when I read of the great good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing. I decided immediately to give it a trial. The result was simply past belief. After taking four bottles of Vegetable Compound and using three packages of Sanative Wash I can say I feel like a new woman. I deem it my duty to announce the fact to my fellow sufferers that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable remedies have entirely cured me of all my pains and suffering. I have her alone to thank for my recovery, for which I am grateful. May heaven bless her for the good work she is doing for our sex."

On Wednesday, July 20th, the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus R'y will run an excursion from Columbus, Zanesville and intermediate stations to Niagara Falls, via Cleveland and the elegant Steamer City of Erie or City of Buffalo of the Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Co. The round trip rate to Niagara Falls will be $6.00 from Columbus and Zanesville, $5.00 from Mt. Vernon, $4.00 from Millersburg, $3.00 from Akron and proportionately low rates from intermediate stations. Train will leave Columbus 11:30 a. m. and Zanesville 12:00 noon of that day, making fast time. For full information as to limits of tickets, trips beyond Niagara Falls and all details, apply to any agent of this company, or C. F. DALY, General Passenger Agent.

Cycling is such a healthful exercise that a cyclist hardly ever feels run down unless a road-hog drives over him.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free $2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

AN OLD BULLY.

People who live in fear of his attacks.

How to avoid him or beat him off.

If biliousness isn't the bully of the body then what is? When once biliousness gets the upper hand you don't dare say your stomach is your own. "Don't you dare eat that dish says biliousness, or you'll see what I'll do." You take the dare and you do see or rather feel, the weight of the bully's revenge. The head aches, not a regular ache, but an open and shut ache. The eyes ache, not with a dull, tired ache, but with an agressive ache, as if they were being bored by a gimlet. The stomach trembles with nausea. "The whole head is sick and the whole heart is faint." There are scores of hundreds of people who live so under the dominion of this bully biliousness that they don't dare eat or drink without his permission. There's no need of such slavery. Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills effectually cure biliousness.

"For fifteen years I have used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills, and find them very effective in all kinds of bilious complaints. They are mild in operation and easy to take. I prefer them to any other pill, and have yet to see the case where they have failed to cure."—A. SWANGER, Texarkana, Ark.

"I have used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills in cases of biliousness and general disorders of the stomach and bowels and have found them to be always reliable. They are less liable to gripe than other purgatives, and although mild in action, they are thorough in operation. They are the best family physic that can be had."—PETER J. DUFFY, Rockport, Texas.

"Having used Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills for years and thoroughly tested them, both as a preventive and cure for biliousness, I can truthfully say that I believe them to be the best medicine for the purpose and they do all that is claimed for them."—JNO. E. KOLB, Shark, Ark.

Biliousness is in general but a symptom of a more stubborn disorder, constipation. Constipation is the root of almost all physical evils, and Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills cure almost all these physical evils by going to the root. They cure constipation, and the consequent maladies, biliousness, heartburn, palpitation, shortness of breath, sleeplessness, nervous irritability, foul breath, coated tongue, and a score of other miserable maladies that have their origin in constipation. Dr. Ayer's Pills are the surest and safest remedy for all diseases of the liver, stomach, and bowels. Send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook and read the story of cures told by the cured. Free. Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"BREVITY IS THE SOUL OF WIT."
GOOD WIFE, YOU NEED
SAPOLIO

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee.

15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee
Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O
Accept no imitation.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOS. GILLARD, Elgin, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 316

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is the only sure cure in the world for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Gangrene, Fever Sores, and all Old Sores. It never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. Best salve for Abscesses, Piles, Burns, Cuts, and all Fresh Wounds. By mail, small, 33c; large, 65c. Book free. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Druggists.

FRANK H. BATTLES, ROCHESTER, N. Y., wants the names of CANVASSERS, TREE AGENTS and HUSTLERS. Agents are making $8 to $12 per day. ARTICLE WANTED on every farm. Write quick for terms and territory.

UNIVERSITY EDUCATION —FREE— The Overland Monthly, San Francisco, offers free scholarships at the Stanford University or the University of California, including four years' course, board, lodging, & railway fare. Stamp for particulars.

READERS OF THIS PAPER
DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING
ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS
SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING
WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING
ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

A. N. K.—C 1714

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Wanted.

Ladies and gentlemen suffering from throat and lung difficulties to call at our store for a sample bottle of Otto's Cure. We confidently recommend it as a cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will stop a cough quicker than any other known remedy. We believe it will cure you. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. Sold by R. C. Dodson. 33-15-ly

Discretion is not cowardice, neither is blatant volubility courage.
—[Ram's Horn.

Great Excitement in Town.

Over the remarkable cures by the grand specific, Bacon's Celery King, which acts as a natural laxative, stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and kidneys and is nature's great healer and health renewer. If you have kidney, liver and blood disorder do not delay but call at our store for a free trial package. R. C. Dodson. Large sizes 50c. and 25c. 33-15ly

Philadelphia sent to the front over 4,000 young men during the month of May.

Are you Troubled with Dyspepsia?

If so, do not neglect until it is too late this opportunity of ridding yourself of this trouble. Dr. Fenner's Dyspepsia Cure, as the name implies, is simply for Dyspepsia and Indigestion. This is a preparation long and successfully used in private practice by one of America's best qualified physicians, who is an accepted authority on all medical questions. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

A Chinaman eats twice as much meat as a Japanese.

Mott's Nerverine Pills

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing of Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. $1.00 per box by mail; 6 boxes for $5.00.
MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart. v31-n40-ly

There are 40 varieties of the tobacco plant.

Diphtheria.

The most successful throat remedy in the world is Armstrong's Diphtheria ond Quinsy Drops. Sold by druggista R. C. Dodson. 6-lys.

German school boys study harder and play less than those of any other country.

An Enterprising Druggist.

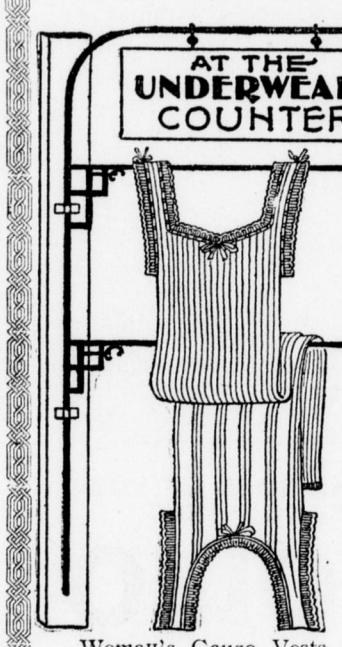
There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than L. Taggart, who spares no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

A QUESTION OF ADVANTAGE.

It depends altogether which side you are on as to whether you are having an advantage or not these days. The buyer now has the advantage over the seller. Business judgment suggests the necessity of disposing of a lot of valuable stock, and we get out of it what we can. This early summer sale will interest you.

AT THE UNDERWEAR COUNTER



Warm Weather!

Warm Weather Underwear.

We have

Woman's Gauze Vests low neck and sleeves, at 5 cents.

Womau's Gauze Vests, in ecru and white, low neck and sleeves, at 10 cents.

Woman's and Children's Vests in ecru and white, low neck with or without sleeves, at 15 cents.

Fancy white and ecru Vests, with or without sleeves, at 25 cents.

Fancy silk vests, low neck and sleeves, from 50c to 75c.

We handle the celebrated E. & Z. Waists for children.

Warm Weather Wash Stuffs.

Better buy now. You'll need them sure. The weather will drive you to it. You can buy at any time at any price, but you can't buy such values as we now have, when you wish.

Our line of Ladies and Misses Linen Collars and Cuffs are right. Examine them, the price is 15c to 25c.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

Additional Local News.

ALL SORTS.

Thousands of persons have been cured by piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals promptly and cures eczema and all skin diseases. It gives immediate relief. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

The whistling buoy can be heard about 15 miles.

Bob Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., says that for constipation he has found DeWitt's Little Early Risers to be perfect. They never gripe. Try them for stomach and liver troubles. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

There are 10,000 camels at work in Australia.

Win your battles against disease by acting promptly. One Minute Cough Cure produces immediate results. When taken early it prevents consumption. And in later stages it furnishes prompt relief. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

A popular diversion—chewing the war rag.

E. C. Blanks, of Lewisville, Tex., writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was worth $50 to him. It cured his piles of ten years standing. He advises others to try it. It also cures eczema, skin diseases and obstinate sores. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

A woman's throat, like a horse's teeth, is a certain indication of her age.

Sick headache, biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles can be quickly cured by using those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are pleasant to take and nnver gripe. R. C. Dodson. 45-y

The youthful masculine cynic would be funny if he were not so horribly in earnest.

Are you lacking in strength and energy. Are you nervous, despondent, irritable, bilious, constipated and generally run down in health? If so, your liver is torpid, and a few doses of Herbine will cure you. Herbiue has no equal as a health restorer. L. Taggart

Sober second thoughts are often accompanied by a dark-brown taste and a headache.

The editor of the Evans City, Pa., Globe, writes: "Gne Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It cure my children after all other remedies failed." It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

A Kaffir's religion consists mostly in singing and dancing.

"I think DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the finest preparation on the market for piles." So writes John C. Dunn, of Wheeling, W. Va. Try it and you will think the same. It also cures eczema and all skin diseases. R. C. Dodson. 45-ly

In India there is a fly which attacks and devours large spiders.

The Chief Burgess of Milesburg, Pa., says DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills he ever used in his family during forty years of housekeeping. They cure constipation, sick headache, and stomach and liver troubles. Small in size but great in results. R C. Dodson. 45-ly

If a few more of Spain's ships go down her navy will be gone up.

Everyone who has diphtheria, croup, quinsy, catarrh or sore throat, can positively and speedily be cured by Thompson's Diphtheria 28-ly

Bootblacks are seldom seen on the streets of Berlin.

"For three years we have never been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house," says A. H. Patter, with E. C. Atkins & Co., Indianapolis, Ind., and my wife would as soon think of being without flour as a bottle of this Remedy in the summer season. We have used it with all three of our children and it has never failed to *cure*—not simply stop pain, but *cure* absolutely. It is all right, and anyone who tries it will find it so." For sale by L. Taggart. jun

It is the circumstances of men over which she has no control that is responsible for the old maid.

Ballard's Snow Liniment. There is no pain it will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue, no wound it will not heal. It will cure frost bites, chilblains and corns. L. Taggart.

Why will women evince such a partiality for caramels when gold fillings are such expensive luxuries?

Stop that barking by the use of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. It arrests the cough, allays irritation of the throat, and relieves congestion of the lungs in a day. It is safe and pleasant to take, and never disappoints. 25c. & 50c. L. Taggart.

Courtships, though not war vessels, are always getting into engagements.

Liver Complaints and Nervousness Cured.

A torpid liver always produces dullness irritability, etc. You are all clogged up and feel despondent. Perhaps you have treated with physicians or tried some recommended medicine without benefit. All that is no argument against "Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic," which we insist will cure nervousness and liver complaints. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

Business is "extra good, thank you," said the steenth edition to its dead and dying predecessors.

A Great Deal

of unnecessary expenditure of time and money may be saved if you will only keep a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in the house. Nine-tenths of all ordinary sickness is from the stomach; keep that organ in proper condition and all will be well. Syrup Pepsin is a specific. Trial size bottles 10c., large sizes 50c. and $1.00, of L. Taggart.

Kidney or Bladder Troubles.

If you suffer from kidney, bladder or urinary troubles, or from too frequent or scanty urine, "Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure" is what you want. Bed-wetting by children is generally cured by one bottle of this powerful remedy. Testimonials are disregarded, many people doubting the honesty or sincerity of them, we therefore avoid giving any here, but will furnish them on application to dealer whose name is given below. If not satisfied after using one bottle your money will be refunded by

R. C. Dodson.

The American as a Soldier.

We are free to admit that the military career in ordinary times is not the highest that man can attain to, notwithstanding that most of the great names in history are connected with military affairs. The American citizen has never looked upon war as a profession of the highest rank, as have nearly all the other nations past and present. The American has looked upon war as a disagreeable necessity, that comes along about once in a generation, and which is to be met, not by maintaining a large standing army, but by depending upon the bravery and the aptitude of our people for military service. This dependence has never been in vain. There has never failed the American people sufficient of her citizens, either by hundreds or millions, to come forth at the proper time and defend the country against the assaults of the enemy.

We have just passed through the first battle of the war on land. Judged by former combats, it was but a skirmish, but it has made a profound impression upon the American people. On Cuban soil, in the midst of almost insurmountable difficulties of topography and climate, an American army has landed on a foreign soil and in a few hours has driven a strongly intrenched enemy from its position and, as appears, is now in sight of Santiago, where the final conflict will take place. Few as the casualties have been, they are notable. Those who have fallen are of the best blood in America, whether officers or privates.

We do not wish here to discuss the war from a strategic or tactical standpoint. The point to be made is that it is American volunteers—men who a few months ago were active in civil life, who have accomplished so much with so few casualties, but not without great bravery and tremendous exertion under trying circumstances. Even half the so-called regulars were civilians a few weeks ago. The landing of the American marines at Camp McCalla was the first invasion of Cuban soil. Here a few hundred men just from civil life held a position for seventy-two hours under constant fire from an overpowering enemy. Few examples in history are more heroic. Bereft of water and provisions, the untried marines fought three days and drove off the enemy. When Shafter landed his troops European military experts looked for a long wait preliminary to a scientific expedition. These experts forgot Saltillo and Cerro Gordo. The troops which landed Tuesday pushed through the underbrush and defiles, driving out the enemy, rushed the fortifications and hurled the enemy back to Santiago, most of the work being done by volunteers who three months ago were butchers, bakers, clerks, professional men and even millionaires in Fifth avenue club houses. It is true that all these operations cost a score of men, but the death roll of the whole war is less than that of the accident befalling the launch of a British battleship early last week.

Do the Americans bear charmed lives? Not at all. The American soldier is no machine. He is not drawn from the dregs of society. He is not drilled to the extent that he is an automaton. No; he is a patriot and a man of intelligence. When he fights it is for his country, and to love one's country is better than three years of service as a conscript.

It was the yeomen of the country who hurled back the trained soldiers of Great Britain twice at Bunker Hill. It was the Ohio and Kentucky volunteers who crushed the British at the battle of the Thames. It was the riflemen of Kentucky and Tennessee who defeated the British at New Orleans in comparatively the bloodiest battle in history. It was the raw volunteers who had never been under fire who threw back an overwhelming force of Mexicans at Buena Vista.

The American is not a trained soldier, but he is a born patriot. He knows by instinct and education how to fight for his country. Roosevelt's Rough Riders, whether Fifth avenue millionaires or Western cowboys, fought together and died together in Cuba for the great American principles of liberty, equality and humanity.

Nothing in our history is more characteristic of the American people. When the call came to arms there was no distinction of race, of culture or of training. All rushed to the front, and all sorts and conditions of men fell fighting for our country. Compare this noble exhibition with the rant of Populistic demagogues who two years ago were declaring that this country was divided into classes and masses! How absurd! The millionaire grundson of a former Secretary of State, the descendant of Alexander Hamilton, fell on the field beside the Western cowboy who had no family and perhaps knew not his grandfather's name. This is true American citizenship. It is all that American institutions stand for. So long as this spirit pervades our country we need fear neither foes from within nor enemies from without. On this rock the American nation will stand forever. There is no North, no South, no rich, no poor, but everywhere love of our country, which will resist all attacks.

A small standing army, but a unanimous people, is safe against all comers.
—[Philadelphia Inquirer.

Priceless Pain

"If a price can be placed on pain, 'Mother's Friend' is worth its weight in gold as an alleviator. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a mother," says a customer.

Thus writes Henderson Dale, Druggist, of Carmi, Ill., to the Bradfield Regulator Company, of Atlanta, Ga., the proprietors and manufacturers of "Mother's Friend." This successful remedy is not one of the many internal medicines advertised to do unreasonable things, but a scientifically prepared liniment especially effective in adding strength and elasticity to those parts of woman's organism which bear the severest strains of childbirth.

The liniment may be used at any and all times during pregnancy up to the very hour of confinement. The earlier it is begun, and the longer used, the more perfect will be the result, but it has been used during the last month only with great benefit and success.

It not only shortens labor and lessens the pain attending it, but greatly diminishes the danger to life of both mother and child, and leaves the mother in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Valuable book for women, "Before Baby is Born," sent free on application.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

HUMPHREYS'

CURES

No. 1 Fever, Congestion.
No. 2 Worms.
No. 3 Infants' Diseases.
No. 4 Diarrhea.
No. 7 Coughs & Colds.
No. 9 Headache.
No. 10 Dyspepsia, Indigestion.
No. 11 Delayed Periods.
No. 12 Leuchorrea.
No. 13 Croup.
No. 14 Skin Diseases.
No. 15 Rheumatism.
No. 19 Catarrh.
No. 27 Kidney Diseases.
No. 34 Sore Throat.
No. 77 Grip & Hay Fever.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25cts., 50cts. or $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

WILLIAMS' TANSY PILLS

A SURE RELIEF TO WOMAN for all troubles peculiar to her sex. Send by mail or from our Agent. $1.00 per box.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

For sale by R. C. Dodson.

H. C. OLMSTED,

AT THE

Leading Dry Goods Store

Is still doing business and expects to be whether they strike gas or oil. My stock is complete in every line. - - - - - -

Dress Goods.

I have the largest and best assortment ever kept by me, which I am selling at VERY CLOSE PRICES. - - - - - -
Come and see the beautiful styles in Ladies Capes and Jackets, cheaper than you can buy the same in the large cities. Also Misses and Children's Jackets. - -

My Shoe Department

is well stocked with Ladies, Gentlemen's and Childrens wear. Cheaper in price not quality) than any exclusive Shoe House can afford to sell for. - - -

UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY.

NOTIONS OF ALL SORTS.

It is not necessary to enumerate the many bargains I have for you. Come and see for yourselves. We will take pleasur in showing you them, whether you wish to buy or not.

Respectfully

H. C. OLMSTED.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES INDIGESTION.

GO!!

TO THE MODEL RACE MEET,

ST. MARYS DRIVING PARK,

ST. MARYS, PA.

JULY 4, 5, 6, 7, 1898.

4 BIG DAYS 4

Allotted to the Grandest of American Sports.

A MERRY RACE WAR. A CARNIVAL OF HIGH CLASS SPORT.

BASE BALL.—ELK LEAGUE GAMES.

RIDGWAY vs ST. MARYS, - - - - - JULY 4th.
JOHNSONBURG vs ST. MARYS, - - - - - JULY 5th.
KANE vs ST. MARYS, - - - - - JULY 6th.
☞Games called at 12:45 p. m. ☞Races called at 2:00 p. m.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE.

MONDAY, JULY 4th.

No. 1. 2:27 Class Trotting, - - - - - Purse, $400.00
No. 2. 2:16 Class Pacing and 2:14 Class Trotting, - - Purse, 400.00
No. 3. 2:40 Class Pace, - - - - - Purse, 400.00

TUESDAY, JULY 5th.

No. 4. 2:37 Class Trotting, - - - - - Purse, $400.00
No. 5. 2:23 Class Trotting, - - - - - Purse, 400.00

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6th.

No. 6. 2:19 Class Trotting, - - - - - Purse, $400.00
No. 7. 2:20 Class Pacing, - - - - - Purse, 400.00

THURSDAY, JULY 7th.

No. 8. 2:29 Class Pacing, - - - - - Purse, $400.00
No. 9. Free-for all—Trot or Pace, - - - - - Purse, 400.00

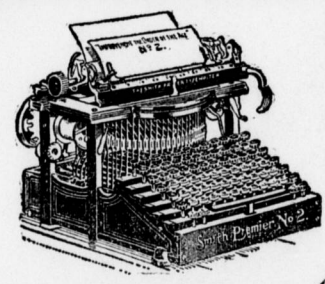
Entries Close June 27th.

☞Excursion Rates on all Railroads. Steam cars run direct to gates
For Programs and other information, address,

WM. KAUL, Sec'y.
St. Marys, Pa.

THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER

MEETS EVERY REQUIREMENT OF A CRITICAL TYPEWRITER-USING PUBLIC. IT IS THE LEADER IN IMPROVEMENTS, THE MOST DURABLE MACHINE MADE, AND DAILY IN THOUSANDS OF OFFICES ALL OVER THE WORLD, CONTINUES TO PROVE ITSELF TO BE THE



Ask for Our New Art Catalogue

BEST VALUE WRITING MACHINE

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.,
8tf. 300 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.